# Vote Agriculture, Biosecurity, Fisheries and Food Safety

APPROPRIATION MINISTER(S): Minister of Agriculture (M2), Minister for Biosecurity (M7), Minister for Food Safety (M33), Minister for Oceans and Fisheries (M102)

DEPARTMENT ADMINISTERING THE VOTE: Ministry for Primary Industries (A14)

RESPONSIBLE MINISTER FOR MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES: Minister of Agriculture

# Overview of the Vote

Vote Agriculture, Biosecurity, Fisheries and Food Safety contains appropriations of nearly \$1.120 billion for the 2025/26 financial year.

The Minister of Agriculture is responsible for appropriations in the Vote totalling nearly \$461 million including:

- nearly \$238 million mainly for the:
  - administration of government approved schemes, grants and assistance to the sector, including the Primary Sector Growth Fund
  - management and improvement of animal welfare in New Zealand
  - science, research, technology and growing capacity and capability for managing the impacts of climate change, and
  - providing recovery assistance and support to the sector following adverse natural events
- just over \$156 million which provides for policy advice, the implementation of it and ministerial servicing for the Minister of Agriculture, the Minister for Biosecurity, the Minister for Oceans and Fisheries and the Minister for Food Safety and for facilitating international trade in, and market access for, primary products
- nearly \$67 million for departmental capital expenditure.

The Minister of Agriculture is also responsible for capital injections of just over \$34 million to the Ministry for Primary Industries.

The Minister for Biosecurity is responsible for appropriations in the Vote for the 2025/26 financial year covering a total of just over \$427 million for Biosecurity: Border and Domestic Biosecurity Risk Management. These expenses relate to:

- the assessment, containment and possible long-term management of suspected biosecurity risk organisms within New Zealand
- monitoring and clearance programmes that manage the biosecurity risk associated with international trade and travel
- development and maintenance of standards and systems that manage biosecurity risk associated with imports and exports
- expenses incurred as a result of compensation and ex-gratia payments arising from biosecurity events
- expenses incurred in the eradication and long-term management of Mycoplasma bovis, and
- compensation and ex-gratia payments arising from actions taken to manage Mycoplasma bovis.

The Minister for Food Safety is responsible for appropriations in the Vote for the 2025/26 financial year covering a total of nearly \$147 million for Food Safety-related expenditure. These expenses relate to:

- providing assurance that New Zealand food products meet New Zealand legislative requirements, and where relevant, the market access requirements of importing countries
- obtaining and sharing information that encourages participation in, and compliance with the food regulatory programme
- investigations of, preparedness for, and responses in relation to food related events, incidents, emergencies, complaints and suspected breaches of legislation and taking appropriate action
- the scientific inputs and development and implementation of food related standards, and standards related to inputs into food production, imports and exports, and
- the co-ordination of activities, development and delivery of frameworks that facilitate the food-related safety aspects of international trade, and implementation of agreements and arrangements which influence and improve multilateral, regional and bilateral relationships.

The Minister for Oceans and Fisheries is responsible for appropriations in the Vote for the 2025/26 financial year covering a total of just over \$85 million. These expenses relate to:

- informing, assisting, directing and enforcing adherence to New Zealand fisheries laws implementing ministerial decisions on sustainability and management controls for New Zealand fisheries
- aquaculture settlements
- administration of government approved scheme, grants and assistance to the fisheries sector, and
- implementing aquaculture policy advice and supporting and monitoring the growth of the aquaculture industry.

#### **Crown Revenue and Receipts**

Ministers expect to collect just over \$67 million of Crown revenue and capital receipts in 2025/26. This mainly consists of just over \$4 million for industry contribution for Mycoplasma bovis, nearly \$35 million in cost recoveries from the fishing industry, and nearly \$29 million for other levies, fines and infringements.

Details of these appropriations are set out in Parts 2-4.

# Details of Appropriations and Capital Injections

# Annual Appropriations and Forecast Permanent Appropriations

	2024/	2025/26	
Titles and Scopes of Appropriations by Appropriation Type	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Departmental Capital Expenditure			
Ministry for Primary Industries - Capital Expenditure PLA (M2) (A14)	80,058	80,058	66,453
This appropriation is limited to the purchase or development of assets by and for the use of the Ministry for Primary Industries, as authorised by section 24(1) of the Public Finance Act 1989.			
Total Departmental Capital Expenditure	80,058	80,058	66,453
Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Support for Walking Access (M2) (A14) This appropriation is limited to the operation of the New Zealand Walking Access Commission.	3,595	3,595	3,595
Total Non-Departmental Output Expenses	3,595	3,595	3,595
Benefits or Related Expenses			
Agriculture: Rural Veterinarians Bonding Scheme (M2) (A14) This appropriation is limited to the provision of payments to veterinary professionals agreeing to work in understaffed, rural areas, in accordance with government approved criteria and guidelines.	1,650	1,650	1,650
Total Benefits or Related Expenses	1,650	1,650	1,650
Non-Departmental Other Expenses			
Fisheries: Provision for Fisheries Debt Write Downs (M102) (A14) This appropriation is limited to commercial fishing sector quota holder debt write-offs.	1,000	1,000	1,000
Subscriptions to International Organisations (M2) (A14) This appropriation is limited to New Zealand's membership of primary industry-related international organisations.	4,408	4,408	3,208
Total Non-Departmental Other Expenses	5,408	5,408	4,208
Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure			
Agriculture: Programmes Supporting Sustainability MCA (M2) (A14) The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to support a sustainable and competitive agricultural sector through implementing and delivering programmes, and undertaking research.	96,695	96,695	97,867
Departmental Output Expenses			
Agriculture: Administration of Grants and Programmes This category is limited to the administration of government approved schemes, grants and assistance to the agricultural sector.	16,903	16,903	20,136
Animal Welfare: Education and Enforcement	28,436	28,436	28,456
This category is limited to education and enforcement intended to improve animal welfare in New Zealand.			
Climate Emergency Response Implementation and Administration	13,863	13,863	13,195
This category is limited to expenses incurred in implementing and administering programmes under the Climate Emergency Response Fund in the Primary Sector other than Forestry.			

	2024/	2024/25		
Titles and Scopes of Appropriations by Appropriation Type	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000	
Non-Departmental Output Expenses				
Agriculture: Recovery Assistance This category is limited to providing recovery assistance to the primary sector to prevent or repair damage or minimise losses or provide professional advice following a response or adverse event such as a fire or biosecurity incursion.	1,592	1,592	747	
Agriculture: Grants Supporting Sustainability	7,568	7,568	-	
This category is limited to funding of grants to support a sustainable and competitive agricultural sector.				
Non-Departmental Capital Expenditure				
Agriculture: Climate Emergency Response Fund Joint Venture	28,333	28,333	35,333	
This appropriation is limited to the Crowns' investment in a public-private joint venture established to drive product development and commercialisation of agricultural emission mitigation tools.				
Biosecurity: Border and Domestic Biosecurity Risk Management MCA (M7) (A14) The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to improve biosecurity risk management by providing operational support to prevent harmful organisms from crossing the borders and working to reduce the unwanted harm caused by organisms already established in New Zealand. Departmental Output Expenses	447,431	447,431	425,833	
Biosecurity Incursion Response and Long Term Pest Management	69,827	69,827	80,952	
This category is limited to the assessment, containment and possible eradication of suspected biosecurity risk organisms within New Zealand.				
Border Biosecurity Monitoring and Clearance	165,064	165,064	170,605	
This category is limited to biosecurity monitoring and clearance programmes that manage the biosecurity risk associated with international trade and travel.				
Border Biosecurity Systems Development and Maintenance	24,346	24,346	35,184	
This category is limited to the development and maintenance of standards and systems that manage biosecurity risk associated with imports and exports.				
Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance	76,738	76,738	70,339	
This category is limited to domestic biosecurity surveillance activities.				
Response to Mycoplasma bovis	19,256	19,256	6,055	
This category is limited to the eradication and long-term management of Mycoplasma bovis.				
Non-Departmental Output Expenses				
Biosecurity: Control of Bovine TB	24,000	24,000	24,000	
This category is limited to the Crown's contribution to implementing the National Bovine Tuberculosis Pest Management Plan.				
Biosecurity: Grants Supporting Biosecurity Programmes and Initiatives	30,341	30,341	25,688	
This category is limited to the funding of grants to capture data and information, undertake research and development projects, carry out disease and pest management and other activities supporting biosecurity.				
Non-Departmental Other Expenses				
Biosecurity: Compensation and ex-gratia payments following a Biosecurity Event This category is limited to the expenses incurred as a result of compensation and ex-gratia payments arising from Biosecurity events.	15,010	15,010	10	
Compensation and Ex-Gratia Payments in Response to Mycoplasma bovis This category is limited to the payment of compensation and ex-gratia payments relating to actions taken to manage Mycoplasma bovis under the Biosecurity Act 1993.	22,849	22,849	13,000	

	2024/	25	2025/26
Titles and Scopes of Appropriations by Appropriation Type	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Development and Implementation of Primary Industries Policy Advice MCA (M2) (A14)	144,199	144,199	156,392
The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to provide both policy and operational advice and support to Ministers in discharging their policy and operational decision-making responsibilities with regards to primary industries.			
Departmental Output Expenses			
Agriculture: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to agriculture and climate change.	59,501	59,501	73,552
Animal Welfare: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	8,238	8,238	8,238
This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to animal welfare.			
Biosecurity: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	7,004	7,004	7,004
This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to biosecurity.			
Fisheries Policy Advice	10,517	10,517	9,157
This category is limited to the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies) to support decision-making by Ministers on Government policy matters relating to the development of standards and guidelines for the sustainable and efficient utilisation of New Zealand's fisheries and promotion of New Zealand's interests in an international context.			
Food Safety: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	6,911	6,911	6,911
This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to food safety.			
Operational Advice on Sustainability and Management Controls in Fisheries	36,163	36,163	35,165
This category is limited to operational advice to support decision-making by Ministers on Government policy matters relating to operational advice on sustainability and management controls for New Zealand's fisheries.			
<i>Trade and Market Access Primary Industries</i> This category is limited to the implementation of government interventions, including the coordination of activities, development and delivery of frameworks that facilitate international trade in primary products with the exception of food-related safety aspects, and implementation of agreements and arrangements which influence and improve multilateral, regional and bilateral relationships.	15,865	15,865	16,365
Fisheries: Managing the Resource Sustainably MCA (M102) (A14)	91,322	91,322	84,262
The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to manage the sustainable use of fisheries resources and protection of the aquatic environment.			,
Departmental Output Expenses			
Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring This category is limited to informing, assisting, directing and enforcing adherence to New Zealand fisheries laws.	72,139	72,139	65,931
Fisheries Management	14,518	14,518	13,666
This category is limited to implementing ministerial decisions on sustainability and management controls for New Zealand fisheries.	. 1,010	,0 .0	10,000
Fisheries: Aquaculture This category is limited to implementing aquaculture policy advice, supporting and monitoring the growth of the aquaculture industry.	3,316	3,316	3,316

Final BudgetedEstimated Budgeted \$000Estimated Budgeted \$000Estimated Budgeted \$000Estimated Budgeted \$000Non-Departmental Output Expenses1.2001.2001.2001.200Pisheries: Grants to Manage Sustainable Use of Fisheries Resources resources, protection of the adjust environment and delivery of aquaculture. Non-Departmental Output Expenses1.4901.490Pisheries: Carants to Manage Sustainable Use of Crown Quota Shares and Annual Catch Entiment (ACE).1.491.49Florinis: Quota Shares A ACE Administration Costs1.491.491.49Florinis: Quota Shares A ACE Administration of the sale of Crown Quota Shares and Annual Catch1.49,9501.49,9501.49,950Food Safety: Protecting Consumers MCA (M33) (A14)1.49,9501.49,9501.49,9501.49,950This category is limited to pathome on Washing a survances to consumers from food borne deases and mainting and enhance New Zealand Singulation as a trusted supplier of sale and subtoftes and toxic, floor-fielded products and inputs into the production of toxic diversition of the accordance with New Zealand regulatory programme, and to anable consumes from food board acports, relevant importing countries market access requirements.5.0785.0785.078Food Safety: Relevant importing outputs to the production of to anable consumes from food passing and childers about food safety and subtoftis and theorement action.5.0785.0785.078Food Safety: Relevant importing counties of theorement and compliance with, the food regulatory programme, and to anable consumes from food or relevant and theorement action.1.0.101		2024/	25	2025/26
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This category is limited to the funding of grants to manage the sustainable use of fisheries         Image: Construct of the aquatic environment and delivery of aquaculture. <i>Non-Departmental Other Expanses</i> 149         149         149           This category is limited to the administration Costs         149, 149         149, 149           Fisharies Quota Shares & ACE Administration Costs         149, 950         149,950         146,712           Food Safety: Protecting Consumers MCA (M33) (A14)         149,950         149,950         146,712           The single overaching purpose of fish appropriation is to protect consumers from food borne disease and maintain and enhance New Zealand's reputation as a trusted supplier of safe and suitable food.         100,092         98,805           This category is limited to justifying and delivering assurances to consumers, the public, overseas autorities and other stakeholders that food, food-relisted protucts and inputs in the production of food (whether undertaken or produced in New Zealand legislation and, for exports, relevant limpting countries market access requirements.         5,078	Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
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Fisheries Quota Shares & ACE Administration Costs       149       149         This category is limited to the administration of the sale of Crown Quota Shares and Annual Catch       149,950       149,950         Findement (ACE).       149,950       149,950       146,712         Food Safety: Protecting Consumers MCA (M33) (A14)       149,950       149,950       146,712         The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to protect consumers from food borne desease and maintain and enhance New Zealand's reputation as a trusted supplier of safe and suitable food.       100,092       100,092       98,805         Pood Safety: Assurance       100,092       100,092       98,805       100,092       98,805         This category is limited to undersken or produced in New Zealand regulatory programme, and to other statecholders that food, food-related products and inputs into the production of appropriate produced in New Zealand legislation and, for exports, relevant importing countries" market access requirements.       5,078       5,078       5,078         Food Safety: Response       10,101       10,101       10,101       10,101       10,101       10,101         This category is limited to the sociatific inputs and development and implementation of food related standards (including as appropriate international and joirt AustrainNew Zealand standards) and taking appropriate international and joirt AustrainNew Zealand standards) and taking appropriate international and joirt AustrainNew Zealand standards and taking appropriate internatio	This category is limited to the funding of grants to manage the sustainable use of fisheries	,	,	,
This category is limited to the administration of the sale of Crown Quota Shares and Annual Catch         149.950           Food Safety: Protecting Consumers MCA (M33) (A14)         149.950         146,712           The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to protect consumers from food borne disease and maintain and enhance New Zealand's reputation as a trusted supplier of safe and suitable food.         100.092         100.092         98,805           Departmental Output Expenses         100.092         100.092         98,805         100.092         98,805           This category is limited to diversity in gand delivering assurances to consumers, the public, overseas authorities and other stakeholders that lood, food-related products and inputs into the production of food (whether undertaken or produced in New Zealand or imported) are managed, audited, approved, registered and/or monitored in accordance with New Zealand legislation and, for exports, relevant importing ountries' market access requirements.         5.078<	Non-Departmental Other Expenses			
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This category is limited to the coordination of activities, development and delivery of frameworks that facilitate the food-related safety aspects of international trade in primary products, and implementation of agreements and arrangements which influence and improve multilateral, regional and bilateral relationships.600600700Non-Departmental Output Expenses600600700700This category is limited to the promotion, coordination and delivery of food safety science and research.600600700Non-Departmental Other Expenses6006002,2002,2002,100Food Safety: Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty2,2002,2002,100This category is limited to the development of joint food standards, codes of practice, and guidance material for Australia and New Zealand by Food Standards Australia New Zealand in accordance with the Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty.929,597929,597911,066	This category is limited to the scientific inputs and development and implementation of food related standards (including as appropriate international and joint Australia/New Zealand standards) and standards related to inputs into food production, imports, exports, new and emerging issues and	19,398	19,398	22,247
Food Safety Science and Research600600700This category is limited to the promotion, coordination and delivery of food safety science and research.600600700Non-Departmental Other Expenses2,2002,2002,100Food Safety: Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty2,2002,2002,100This category is limited to the development of joint food standards, codes of practice, and guidance material for Australia and New Zealand by Food Standards Australia New Zealand in accordance with the Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty.929,597929,597911,066	This category is limited to the coordination of activities, development and delivery of frameworks that facilitate the food-related safety aspects of international trade in primary products, and implementation of agreements and arrangements which influence and improve multilateral,	12,481	12,481	7,681
This category is limited to the promotion, coordination and delivery of food safety science and research.Image: Constraint of the promotion of the	Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Food Safety: Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty2,2002,2002,100This category is limited to the development of joint food standards, codes of practice, and guidance material for Australia and New Zealand by Food Standards Australia New Zealand in accordance with the Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty.2,2002,2002,100Total Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure929,597929,597911,066	This category is limited to the promotion, coordination and delivery of food safety science and	600	600	700
This category is limited to the development of joint food standards, codes of practice, and guidance material for Australia and New Zealand by Food Standards Australia New Zealand in accordance with the Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty.         Total Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure       929,597       929,597       911,066	Non-Departmental Other Expenses			
	This category is limited to the development of joint food standards, codes of practice, and guidance material for Australia and New Zealand by Food Standards Australia New Zealand in accordance	2,200	2,200	2,100
Total Annual Appropriations and Forecast Permanent Appropriations       1,020,308       1,020,308       986,972	Total Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure	929,597	929,597	911,066
	Total Annual Appropriations and Forecast Permanent Appropriations	1,020,308	1,020,308	986,972

# Multi-Year Appropriations

Type, Title, Scope and Period of Appropriations	Appropriations, Adjustments and Use	\$000
Departmental Output Expenses		
Plant Health and Environmental Capability (M7) (A14)	Original Appropriation	4,342
This appropriation is limited to the design, construction, and commissioning of the new Plant Health and Environment Laboratory.	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
	Adjustments for 2024/25	5,464
Commences: 01 July 2023	Adjusted Appropriation	9,806
Expires: 30 June 2028	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	2,877
	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	5,651
	Estimate for 2025/26	1,278
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	-
Non-Departmental Output Expenses		
Accelerating Development of Greenhouse Gas Mitigations Research and	Original Appropriation	353,264
Development Fund (M2) (A14) This appropriation is limited to accelerating greenhouse gas mitigations	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
research and development, innovation, growing capability and streamlining the	Adjustments for 2024/25	(6,486)
path to market to support reducing agricultural emissions.	Adjusted Appropriation	346,778
Commences: 01 July 2024	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	-
Expires: 30 June 2029	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	77,273
	Estimate for 2025/26	63,099
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	206,406
Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change Research (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	109,311
This appropriation is limited to obtaining science, technology, capacity and capability in sustainable land management and climate change-related	Adjustments to 2023/24	(13,600)
research relevant to the primary land-based sectors.	Adjustments for 2024/25	(3,969)
Commences: 01 July 2022	Adjusted Appropriation	91,742
Engineer 20 kms 2027	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	43,258
Expires: 30 June 2027	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	24,850
	Estimate for 2025/26	11,817
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	11,817
Non-Departmental Other Expenses		
Agriculture: Farm Advisor Scheme (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	5,679
This appropriation is limited to the making of contributions to farm consultancies capable of delivering integrated farm plans as required by the	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
Minister of Agriculture and in accordance with government approved criteria and guidelines.	Adjustments for 2024/25	-
สกัน รูนเนตแกะระ.	Adjusted Appropriation	5,679
Commences: 01 July 2021	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	1,792
Expires: 30 June 2026	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	3,887
	Estimate for 2025/26	-
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	-

Type, Title, Scope and Period of Appropriations	Appropriations, Adjustments and Use	\$000
Agriculture: Integrated Farm Plan Accelerator Fund (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	14,441
This appropriation is limited to expenses incurred in conjunction with co- funding from industry, community and catchment groups, and regional	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
councils, that significantly accelerate or reduce barriers to the implementation	Adjustments for 2024/25	-
of integrated farm plans.	Adjusted Appropriation	14,441
Commences: 01 July 2021	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	6,617
Expires: 30 June 2026	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	6,103
	Estimate for 2025/26	1,721
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	-
Fisheries: Aquaculture Settlements (M102) (A14)	Original Appropriation	17,768
This appropriation is limited to the recognition of settlements negotiated under the Māori Aquaculture Commercial Claims Settlement Act 2004.	Adjustments to 2023/24	89,589
	Adjustments for 2024/25	-
Commences: 01 July 2023	Adjusted Appropriation	107,357
Expires: 30 June 2028	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	2,083
	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	105,274
	Estimate for 2025/26	-
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	-
Primary Sector Growth Fund (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	353,779
This appropriation is limited to expenses incurred in conjunction with co- funding from industry and community groups on supporting the development of	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
New Zealand's primary industries.	Adjustments for 2024/25	-
Commences: 01 July 2025	Adjusted Appropriation	353,779
	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	-
Expires: 30 June 2030	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	-
	Estimate for 2025/26	54,763
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	299,016
Sustainable Food and Fibre Futures Fund (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	402,717
This appropriation is limited to expenses incurred in conjunction with co- funding from community and industry groups on supporting the sustainable	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
development of New Zealand's primary industries.	Adjustments for 2024/25	(307,970)
Commences: 01 July 2024	Adjusted Appropriation	94,747
	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	-
Expires: 30 June 2029	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	94,747
	Estimate for 2025/26	-
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	-

# Total Annual Appropriations and Forecast Permanent Appropriations and Multi-Year Appropriations

	2024	1/25	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Total Annual Appropriations and Forecast Permanent Appropriations	1,020,308	1,020,308	986,972
Total Forecast MYA Departmental Output Expenses	5,651	5,651	1,278
Total Forecast MYA Non-Departmental Output Expenses	102,123	102,123	74,916
Total Forecast MYA Non-Departmental Other Expenses	210,011	210,011	56,484
Total Annual Appropriations and Forecast Permanent Appropriations and Multi-Year Appropriations	1,338,093	1,338,093	1,119,650

# Capital Injection Authorisations

	2024	4/25	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Ministry for Primary Industries - Capital Injection (M2) (A14)	41,813	41,813	34,245

# Supporting Information

# Part 1 - Vote as a Whole

# 1.1 - New Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Appropriation	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Agriculture Emissions Pricing - Closure of Tagged Contingency	Operating Contingency	(2,000)	(8,000)	-	-	-
Primary Sector Growth Fund - Establishing the Fund	Primary Sector Growth Fund (MYA) Non-Departmental Other Expenses	-	54,763	74,754	74,754	74,754
	Sustainable Food and Fibre Futures Fund (MYA) Non-Departmental Other Expenses	-	(79,763)	(79,763)	(79,763)	(79,763)
H7N6 High Pathogenicity Avian Influenza Response	Biosecurity: Border and Domestic Biosecurity Risk Management (MCA) Biosecurity Incursion Response and Long Term Pest Management Departmental Output Expenses	5,000	-	-	-	-
	Biosecurity: Border and Domestic Biosecurity Risk Management (MCA) Biosecurity: Compensation and ex-gratia payments Non-Departmental Other Expenses	15,000	-	-	-	-
Plant Health and Environment Capability (PHEC) Programme: Drawdown of Tagged	Ministry for Primary Industries Capital Injection	23,973	7,124	-	-	-
Contingency Funding	Plant Health and Environmental Capability (MYA) Departmental Output Expenses	4,186	1,278	-	-	-
Fisheries Reform Work Programme	Fisheries: Managing the Resource Sustainably (MCA) Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring Departmental Output Expenses	-	2,000	-	-	-
Total Initiatives		46,159	(22,598)	(5,009)	(5,009)	(5,009)

### 1.2 - Trends in the Vote

#### **Summary of Financial Activity**

	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024	/25		2025/26		2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
	Actual \$000	Actual \$000	Actual \$000	Actual \$000	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Departmental Transactions Budget \$000	Non- Departmental Transactions Budget \$000	Total Budget \$000	Estimated \$000	Estimated \$000	Estimated \$000
Appropriations												
Output Expenses	30,690	29,466	44,457	60,477	111,369	111,369	1,278	78,511	79,789	82,926	73,064	73,018
Benefits or Related Expenses	1,502	1,489	849	1,430	1,650	1,650	N/A	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,650
Borrowing Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Expenses	87,244	52,908	71,417	77,171	215,419	215,419	-	60,692	60,692	78,962	78,962	153,716
Capital Expenditure	22,176	30,666	59,234	64,980	80,058	80,058	66,453	-	66,453	37,157	36,470	34,860
Intelligence and Security Department Expenses and Capital Expenditure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	-	-	-	-
Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure (MCA)												
Output Expenses	719,453	746,940	839,032	806, 792	861,056	861,056	808,139	52,335	860,474	829,795	828,921	827,091
Other Expenses	34,915	27,762	90,239	44,475	40,208	40,208	-	15,259	15,259	2,259	2,259	2,259
Capital Expenditure	-	-	8,250	23,584	28,333	28,333	N/A	35,333	35,333	31,000	31,000	31,000
Total Appropriations	895,980	889,231	1,113,478	1,078,909	1,338,093	1,338,093	875,870	243,780	1,119,650	1,063,749	1,052,326	1,123,594
Crown Revenue and Capital Receipts												
Tax Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Tax Revenue	83,055	91,857	75,638	62,477	69,094	69,094	N/A	67,430	67,430	61,270	61,270	61,270
Capital Receipts	-	-	-	65	-	-	N/A	-	-	-	-	-
Total Crown Revenue and Capital Receipts	83,055	91,857	75,638	62,542	69,094	69,094	N/A	67,430	67,430	61,270	61,270	61,270

Note - where restructuring of the vote has occurred then, to the extent practicable, prior years information has been restated as if the restructuring had occurred before the beginning of the period covered. In this instance Total Appropriations for the Budgeted and Estimated Actual year may not equal Total Annual Appropriations and Forecast Permanent Appropriations and Multi-Year Appropriations in the Details of Appropriations and Capital Injections.

# Adjustments to the Summary of Financial Activity Table Due to Vote Restructuring

There have been no restructuring adjustments to prior year information in the Summary of Financial Activity table.

### 1.3 - Analysis of Significant Trends

#### Total Vote: All Appropriations

Vote Agriculture, Biosecurity, Fisheries and Food Safety baseline since 2020/21 has grown from \$895 million to \$1.338 billion in 2024/25 mainly driven by both time-limited and ongoing funding to:

- address significant fiscal gaps to strengthen operations and capability to meet increasing demand
- manage large-scale biosecurity risks, such as Mycoplasma bovis
- manage adverse event responses, such as North Island Weather Event and Cyclone Gabrielle
- fund aquaculture settlements compensation payable under the Māori Commercial Aquaculture Claims Settlement Act 2004.

The baseline reduces to \$1.120 billion from 2025/26 mostly due to time-limited and one-off funding ceasing in 2024/25 and return of baseline funding as part of the Ministry for Primary Industries Operating Efficiencies - Return of Funding both in Budget 2024 and in Budget 2025.

Significant movements within each appropriation category are outlined below.

#### **Output Expenses**

Output expenses funding has grown steadily since 2020/21 from \$31 million to peaking at \$111 million in 2024/25. The funding then decreases to just under \$80 million per year from 2025/26. The significant increase in the 2024/25 funding is due to a new multi-year appropriation, Accelerating Development of Greenhouse Gas Mitigations Research and Development Fund with funding transferred from an existing multi-category appropriation. The reduction in 2025/26 and outyears is due to return of just over \$12 million of funding as part of Ministry for Primary Industries Operating Efficiencies - Return of Funding in Budget 2024. The Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change Research funding also reduces by \$13 million in 2025/26.

#### Other Expenses

Other Expenses category includes a number of multi-year appropriations including Aquaculture Settlements and Sustainable Food and Fibre Futures Fund. The 2024/25 baseline includes transfer of unspent portions of the 2023/24 multi-year appropriations as noted below:

- \$102 million for the aquaculture settlement under the Māori Commercial Aquaculture Claims Settlement Act 2004
- \$30 million for the Sustainable Food and Fibre Futures Fund.

The funding decreases to \$60 million in 2025/26 due to budget savings reduction of \$25 million as part of Budget 2025. For 2026/27 and outyears, the funding is fairly stable at \$79 million per year.

#### Capital Expenditure

The capital expenditure has increased significantly between 2022/23 and 2025/26, mainly due to the development and construction of a new, modern, fit-for-purpose Plant Health and Environmental Laboratory and post-entry quarantine facilities in Mount Albert, Auckland.

#### Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure

The multi-category expenses and capital expenditure appropriations has grown since 2020/21 from \$754 million to \$930 million in 2024/25. It reduces by \$19 million in 2025/26 and by a further \$48 million in 2026/27 and is steady thereafter at just over \$860 million.

The increasing levels of funding over the last 4 years since 2020/21 peaking at \$930 million in 2024/25 was largely driven by one-off and time limited funding for responses to adverse weather events (\$74 million) and Mycoplasma bovis with funding gradually reducing from \$82 million in 2020/21 to \$24 million in 2024/25. Funding has also been received for ongoing operational costs and services due to increased demand especially in the border services once the borders re-opened post Covid-19.

Funding after 2025/26 levels off at just over \$860 million per year. This is after the budget savings reductions and time limited funding ceasing.

	2024/25		2025/26			
Crown Revenue or Capital Receipt item	Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budgeted \$000	Description of Crown Revenue or Capital Receipt item		
Crown Revenue						
Industry Contribution for Mycoplasma bovis	11,147	11,147	4,160	Industry contribution for response and compensation activities relating to Mycoplasma bovis.		
Cost Recovery from Fishing Industry	36,087	36,087	34,700	Revenue from the costs of Government-approved fisheries services that are able to be recovered from the commercial fishing sector.		
Deemed Value for Over- fishing	5,000	5,000	5,000	Revenue forecast to be paid by quota holders who have overfished.		
Biosecurity Act Fines	3,800	3,800	3,800	Infringement fines imposed on persons entering New Zealand at ports of entry with undeclared goods, under the Biosecurity Act 1993.		
Conservation Levy	3,407	3,407	3,407	Revenue from the costs of Government-approved conservation services that are able to be recovered from the commercial fishing sector.		

#### Crown Revenue and Capital Receipts

	2024	4/25	2025/26		
Crown Revenue or Capital Receipt item	Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budgeted \$000		
Dairy Industry Levy	1,591	1,591	1,591	Levy to fund the Commerce Commission's dispute resolution and regulatory enforcement functions under the Dairy Industry Restructuring Act 2001.	
Animal Welfare Act Infringement Notices	385	385	385	Revenue relating to the issue of infringement notices under the Animal Welfare Act 1999.	
Sale of Quota Shares and Annual Catch Entitlement	6,870	6,870	6,870	Revenue from the sale of Crown-owned quota and Annual Catch Entitlement (ACE).	
Fisheries Act Infringement Notices	150	150	150	Revenue relating to the issue of infringement notices under the Fisheries Act 1996.	
Other Forfeitures for Fisheries Offences	150	150	150	Revenue from forfeit property, whether by sale or through redemption fees.	
Other Revenue	507	507	7,217	Miscellaneous Revenues.	
Total Crown Revenue	69,094	69,094	67,430		

# Part 2 - Details of Departmental Appropriations

# 2.1 - Departmental Output Expenses

#### Plant Health and Environmental Capability (M7) (A14)

#### Scope of Appropriation and Expenses

Type, Title, Scope and Period of Appropriations	Appropriations, Adjustments and Use	\$000
Plant Health and Environmental Capability (M7) (A14)	Original Appropriation	4,342
This appropriation is limited to the design, construction, and commissioning of the new Plant Health and Environment Laboratory.	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
	Adjustments for 2024/25	5,464
Commences: 01 July 2023	Adjusted Appropriation	9,806
Expires: 30 June 2028	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	2,877
	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	5,651
	Estimate for 2025/26	1,278
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	-

#### Revenue

	Budget \$000
Revenue from the Crown to end of 2025/26	9,806
Revenue from Others to end of 2025/26	-
Total Revenue	9,806

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the delivery of a new Plant Health and Environment Laboratory which will support New Zealand's capacity to effectively manage known or suspected biosecurity risks.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

	2024/25		2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
This appropriation is intended to achieve the delivery of a new Plant Health and Environment Laboratory which will support New Zealand's capacity to effectively manage known or suspected biosecurity risks.			
Percentage of deliverables met according to the approved Programme Management Plan for the new Plant Health and Environment Laboratory (see Note 1)	85%	85%	85%

Note 1 - The performance indicator 'Percentage of deliverables are met according to plan' has been updated to provide clarity.

### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Ministry for Primary Industries in its Annual Report.

#### Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
Plant Health and Environment Capability (PHEC) Programme: Drawdown of Tagged Contingency Funding	2024/25	4,186	1,278	-	-	-

# 2.3 - Departmental Capital Expenditure and Capital Injections

#### Ministry for Primary Industries - Capital Expenditure PLA (M2) (A14)

#### Scope of Appropriation

This appropriation is limited to the purchase or development of assets by and for the use of the Ministry for Primary Industries, as authorised by section 24(1) of the Public Finance Act 1989.

#### Capital Expenditure

	2024	4/25	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Forests/Agricultural	-	-	-
Land	-	-	-
Property, Plant and Equipment	53,147	53,147	28,034
Intangibles	26,911	26,911	38,419
Other	-	-	-
Total Appropriation	80,058	80,058	66,453

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve investment in the renewal, upgrade, replacement or development of assets in supporting the delivery of the Ministry's core functions and services.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

	202	4/25	2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard		Budget Standard
Capital expenditure is in accordance with the Ministry's capital plan (see Note 1)	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved

Note 1 - The Ministry's capital plan aligns with the Ministry's strategy and the prioritised programmes on the plan are for building, replacing and enhancing the Ministry's critical assets for its service delivery. The capital programmes outlined in the plan includes the creation of new digital and technology assets, as well as enhancements to existing ones. It also covers the purchase of facilities and tools, vehicles, vessels, equipment, building fit-outs, and furniture and fittings. MPI has three key governance committees that provide organisational oversight for the Ministry's capital investment, including digital, data and technology and physical asset portfolios. For further details regarding departmental capital expenditure incurred against this appropriation, please refer to the Departmental Financial Statements of MPI's annual report.

#### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Ministry for Primary Industries in its Annual Report.

#### Reasons for Change in Appropriation

The decrease in this appropriation of \$13.605 million to \$66.453 million for 2025/26 is due to a reforecast of the level of capital expenditure expected in 2025/26 for intangibles and property, plant and equipment.

# Capital Injections and Movements in Departmental Net Assets

#### **Ministry for Primary Industries**

Details of Net Asset Schedule	2024/25 Estimated Actual \$000	2025/26 Projected \$000	Explanation of Projected Movements in 2025/26
Opening Balance	460,988	542,607	
Capital Injections	41,813	34,245	The injections relate to \$15.124 million for the construction and commissioning of a new Plant Health and Environment Laboratory (PHEL) in Auckland, \$10.439 million for the On-board cameras and rollout across the inshore fishing fleet, \$4.756 million for Forestry Emission Trading System (ETS) programme, \$2 million to maximise carbon storage by increasing natural sequestration to achieve New Zealand's future carbon goals and \$1.926 million for the Future of Certification -Electronic Certification Systems replacement.
Capital Withdrawals	-	(3,256)	The withdrawal of \$3.256 million is for the recovery of capital expenditure on the Future of Certification programme.
Surplus to be Retained (Deficit Incurred)	39,806	39,749	The surplus to be retained is for the surplus in memorandum accounts.
Other Movements	-	-	
Closing Balance	542,607	613,345	

# Part 3 - Details of Non-Departmental Appropriations

### 3.1 - Non-Departmental Output Expenses

# Accelerating Development of Greenhouse Gas Mitigations Research and Development Fund (M2) (A14)

#### Scope of Appropriation and Expenses

Type, Title, Scope and Period of Appropriations	Appropriations, Adjustments and Use	\$000
Accelerating Development of Greenhouse Gas Mitigations Research and Development Fund (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	353,264
This appropriation is limited to accelerating greenhouse gas mitigations	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
research and development, innovation, growing capability and streamlining the path to market to support reducing agricultural emissions.	Adjustments for 2024/25	(6,486)
	Adjusted Appropriation	346,778
Commences: 01 July 2024	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	-
Expires: 30 June 2029	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	77,273
	Estimate for 2025/26	63,099
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	206,406

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve effective implementation of programmes to help New Zealand work towards its domestic and international climate change targets.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

	2024	4/25	2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Percentage of forecast investment dispersed each year according to the Accelerating New Mitigations programme's strategic funding plan (see Note 1)	85%	85%	85%
Number of farm types for which mitigation investments (non- AgriZero NZ) are relevant each year (see Note 2)	At least 3 farm types in any given financial year	At least 3 farm types in any given financial year	At least 3 farm types in any given financial year
Number of mitigation technologies projected to be commercially available by 2030 (see Note 3)	Increasing trend	Increasing trend	Increasing trend
Progress toward having enough tools/solutions to meet legislated targets that are adoptable by 2030 (AgriZero NZ) (see Note 4)	Increasing trend	Increasing trend	Deleted performance indicator

Note 1 - This performance indicator should be viewed in combination with the other performance indicators under this appropriation as they collectively reflect the effectiveness of this programme. As a highly structured research and investment programme, dispersing funds against the investment criteria demonstrates some that the components of an effective system are in place and operating as set out in the strategic funding plan- including governance, planning, and delivery entities (AgriZero and NZAGRC). As a result of the creation of this Multi-Year Appropriation (MYA), the budget standard of 85% is now a cumulative standard for five-years across the lifespan of this MYA funding. However, the progress towards this standard will be reported annually.

Note 2 - This performance indicator is for non-AgriZero NZ component which excludes the Public-Private Joint Venture on Centre for Climate Action. Relevant means mitigation investments that relate to one of the farm types ie, dairy, beef, sheep, deer, goats, horticulture, arable.

Note 3 - MPI projections take into account policy decisions that are outside the control of this programme eg, future (yet to be published) projections for Emissions Reduction Plan 2/Biennial report show new mitigation technologies having a decreasing contributing to meet Emissions Budget 1 (2020-2025) and Emissions Budget 2 (2025-2030). This is due to a change in Government policy from pricing in 2025 to pricing from 2030. This performance indicator should be viewed in combination with other indicators under this appropriation category as they collectively reflect the effectiveness of ANM programme. This performance indicator is reporting on the number of expected mitigation technologies, and the estimated date they will be available to use in New Zealand.

Note 4 - This performance indicator has been deleted and replaced by "Percentage of forecast investment dispersed each year according to the Accelerating New Mitigations programme's strategic funding plan".

Note 5 - This performance indicator has been deleted as this does need to be measured separately for AgriZero. The remaining three performance indicators under this appropriation category collectively measure the effectiveness of ANM programme.

Note 6 - This performance indicator has been deleted and replaced by "Number of mitigation technologies projected to be commercially available by 2030".

#### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Minister of Agriculture in an appended report to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Annual Report.

Provider	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2024/25 Estimated Actual \$000		Expiry of Resourcing Commitment
GHG Māori-designed and led programmes				
Te Arawa Primary Sector Incorporated	1,200	500	Contract under negotiation	
Implement Takahuri Whenua	1,000	1,000	1,500	Ongoing
Rere ki Uta Rere ki Tai - Sea, Soil	904	904	904	Ongoing
TGH Farms & Forestry Limited	300	300	150	
Ngai Tahu	300	300	300	
Agrisea Limited	250	250	150	
Parininihi ki Waitotara Incorporated	250	250	250	
East Coast monitor farm	200	200	150	Ongoing
Rautapatu Limited	150	150	150	
Ati Hau Incorporation	150	150	150	
Mohi Beckham	150	150	Contract under negotiation	
Pukerewa Station	150	150	Contract under negotiation	

#### Service Providers

Provider	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2024/25 Estimated Actual \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	Expiry of Resourcing Commitment
Pou-a-rua Farms	150	150	50	
Māori Kiwifruit Growers Incorporated	125	125	125	
Te Tawa Kaiti Lands Trust	110	110	40	
King Country	100	100	100	Ongoing
Te Raparahi Lands Trust	85	85	Contract under negotiation	
Te Pou Oranga o te Whakatohea Charitable Trust Limited	50	50	250	
Mohi Beckham	50	50	Contract under negotiation	
Pukerewa Station	50	50	Contract under negotiation	
Tauhara North Farming and Company LP	10	10	10	
Total GHG Māori-designed and led programmes	5,734	5,034	4,279	
Global Research Alliance on Agricultural Greenhouse Gases				
AgResearch Limited	29,761	20,351	25,785	Ongoing
DairyNZ Limited	1,059	1,059	385	Ongoing
Landcare Research New Zealand Limited	639	639	469	Ongoing
University of Waikato	596	596	578	Ongoing
Inter-American Development Bank	490	490	Contract under negotiation	Ongoing
AbacusBio Limited	291	291	125	Ongoing
Education New Zealand	287	287	875	Ongoing
University of Otago	168	168	-	30 June 2025
The Scientific Research Organisation of Samoa	154	154	-	30 June 2025
Enterprises University of Pretoria (EUP)	146	146	-	31 March 2025
Other providers	10,875	1,120	3,280	
Total Global Research Alliance on Agricultural Greenhouse Gases	44,466	25,301	31,497	
Climate Emergency Response Fund -Research & Investments				
Ruminant Biotech Corp Limited	2,727	2,533	1,307	Ongoing
Lincoln University	1,140	1,140	966	Ongoing
Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited	1,094	1,094	816	Ongoing
Halo Agtech Limited	727	727	439	Ongoing
Methane Mitigation Ventures Limited	520	520	1,000	Ongoing
Scion Limited	75	75	-	31 October 2024

Grand Total	77,273	77,273	63,099	
Uncommitted budget 2025/26 or other suppliers	-	-	22,795	
Underspent budget in 2024/25 to be utilised in 2025/26	20,670	40,729	-	
Total Climate Emergency Response Fund -Research & Investments	6,403	6,209	4,528	
National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research Limited	18	18	-	30 May 2025
New Zealand Forest Research nstitute Limited	40	40	-	30 May 2025
nstitute of Environmental Science and Research Limited	62	62	-	31 March 2025
Provider	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2024/25 Estimated Actual \$000	5	Expiry of Resourcing Commitment

#### Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
Accelerating Development of Agricultural Greenhouse Gas Mitigations - Return of Funding	2025/26	-	(2,476)	(2,350)	(350)	(350)
Matauranga Māori-Based Approaches to Agriculture Emissions Reduction - Reduction in Programme	2024/25	(7,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)

#### Support for Walking Access (M2) (A14)

# Scope of Appropriation

This appropriation is limited to the operation of the New Zealand Walking Access Commission.

#### Expenses

	2024	2025/26	
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	5
Total Appropriation	3,595	3,595	3,595

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the effective management and operation of the New Zealand Walking Access Commission.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

	202	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
The number of cases opened relating to new access opportunities	25	25	25
The number of service hits to our public maps (see Note 1)	145,000	145,000	145,000

Note 1 - Outdoor access maps are available at https://www.herengaanuku.govt.nz/maps/outdoor-access-maps.

#### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Walking Access Commission in its Annual Report.

#### Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Previous Government						
Herenga a Nuku Aotearoa (New Zealand Outdoor Access) Cost Pressures - Enabling Enduring Public Access to the outdoors	2023/24	1,806	1,806	1,806	1,806	1,806

#### Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change Research (M2) (A14)

#### Scope of Appropriation and Expenses

Type, Title, Scope and Period of Appropriations	Appropriations, Adjustments and Use	\$000
Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change Research (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	109,311
This appropriation is limited to obtaining science, technology, capacity and capability in sustainable land management and climate change-related	Adjustments to 2023/24	(13,600)
research relevant to the primary land-based sectors.	Adjustments for 2024/25	(3,969)
Commences: 01 July 2022	Adjusted Appropriation	91,742
5	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	43,258
Expires: 30 June 2027	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	24,850
	Estimate for 2025/26	11,817
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	11,817

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the provision of support for greenhouse gas research and increase knowledge of agricultural and forestry emissions, mitigation practices, technologies and business opportunities relevant to the primary land-based sectors.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

_	2024/2	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Percentage of projects and programmes completed on time and within budget in the financial year (see Note 1)	New performance indicator	New performance indicator	70%
Percentage of contracts completed in the financial year that met their contracted deliverables	90-100%	90-100%	Deleted performance indicator

Note 1 - This new performance indicator has replaced the previous indicator that has been deleted. The new performance indicator evaluates the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of projects and programmes, providing insight into whether they were managed effectively in terms of timelines and financial resources.

#### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Minister of Agriculture in a report appended to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Annual Report.

#### Service Providers

Provider	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2024/25 Estimated Actual \$000	Budget	Expiry of Resourcing Commitment
Agriculture: Climate Change Research				
Landcare Research New Zealand Limited	1,736	1,736	562	30 June 2027
AgResearch Limited	511	511	Contract under negotiation	
New Zealand Forest Research Institute Limited	500	500	500	30 June 2027
Aqualinc Research Limited	365	365	290	30 June 2027
Lincoln University	370	370	228	30 June 2027
Phosphorus Mitigation Project Incorporated	287	287	36	30 June 2027
Institute of Geological and Nuclear Sciences Limited	268	268	Contract under negotiation	
Pastoral Robotics Limited	318	318	Contract under negotiation	
Nature Positive Limited	81	81	134	30 June 2027
Kōmanawa Solutions Limited	60	60	Contract under negotiation	
Marlborough Research Centre Trust	46	46	Contract under negotiation	
Other (Pipeline)	3,564	3,564	510	30 June 2027
Total: Agriculture: Climate Change Research	8,106	8,106	2,260	

Provideo (	2024/25 Final Budgeted	2024/25 Estimated Actual	Budget	Expiry of Resourcing
Provider	\$000	\$000	\$000	Commitment
Agriculture: Essential Fresh Water				
Mid Canterbury Catchment Collective Incorporated	300	300	Contract under negotiation	
Banks Peninsula Conservation Trust	360	360	Contract under negotiation	
South Westland Catchment Group	215	215	Contract under negotiation	
Tasman Environmental Trust	300	300	Contract under negotiation	
Mangatangi and Maramarua Catchment Incorporated	162	162	Contract under negotiation	
Whanganui Region Catchment Collective Inc	432	432	Contract under negotiation	
Piroa Conservation Trust	236	236	Contract under negotiation	
Tukituki Landcare Incorporated	320	320	Contract under negotiation	
Between The Two Rivers Community Catchment Collective Inc	325	325	Contract under negotiation	
Taranaki Catchment Communities Incorporated	125	125	Contract under negotiation	
Te Upōkorehe Treaty Claims Trust	30	30	Contract under negotiation	
Western Firth Catchment Group Trust	12	12	Contract under negotiation	
Other (Pipeline)	748	748	Contract under negotiation	
Total: Agriculture: Essential Fresh Water	3,565	3,565	-	
Essential Fresh Water Māori Agriculture Business				
Tairawhiti Whenua Charitable Trust	200	200	50	30 June 2027
Agri Concepts Limited	160	160	Contract under negotiation	
Heeni Investment Company Limited	70	70	Contract under negotiation	
Te Maru o Ruahine Trust	20	20	Contract under negotiation	
Total: Essential Fresh Water Māori Agriculture Business	450	450	50	
New Zealand Agriculture Green House Gas Research				
AgResearch Limited	7,850	7,850	7,850	30 June 2027
AbacusBio Limited	239	239	262	30 June 2027
The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited	205	205	-	30 June 2025
DairyNZ Limited	130	130	10/	30 June 2027

Provider	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2024/25 Estimated Actual \$000	Budget	Expiry of Resourcing Commitment
Environmental Accounting Services Limited	95	95	-	30 June 2025
University Of Canterbury	82	82	125	30 June 2027
Lincoln University	80	80	40	30 June 2027
Other providers	1,581	1,581	284	30 June 2027
Total New Zealand Agriculture Green House Gas Research	10,262	10,262	8,665	
Uncommitted budget	2,467	2,467	842	
Grand Total	24,850	24,850	11,817	

### Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change Programme - Return of Funding	2024/25	(4,400)	(4,600)	(4,600)	-	-

### 3.2 - Non-Departmental Benefits or Related Expenses

#### Agriculture: Rural Veterinarians Bonding Scheme (M2) (A14)

#### *Scope of Appropriation*

This appropriation is limited to the provision of payments to veterinary professionals agreeing to work in understaffed, rural areas, in accordance with government approved criteria and guidelines.

#### Expenses

	2024	4/25	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	
Total Appropriation	1,650	1,650	1,650

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the provision of veterinary services to understaffed, rural areas.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

An exemption was granted as the appropriation is one from which resources will be provided to a person or entity other than a department, a functional chief executive, an Office of Parliament, or a Crown entity under s15D(2)(b)(ii) of the PFA, as additional performance information is unlikely to be informative because this appropriation is solely for payments under the Rural Veterinarians Bonding Scheme.

### 3.4 - Non-Departmental Other Expenses

#### Agriculture: Integrated Farm Plan Accelerator Fund (M2) (A14)

#### Scope of Appropriation and Expenses

Type, Title, Scope and Period of Appropriations	Appropriations, Adjustments and Use	\$000
Agriculture: Integrated Farm Plan Accelerator Fund (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	14,441
This appropriation is limited to expenses incurred in conjunction with co- funding from industry, community and catchment groups, and regional	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
councils, that significantly accelerate or reduce barriers to the implementation	Adjustments for 2024/25	-
of integrated farm plans.	Adjusted Appropriation	14,441
Commences: 01 July 2021	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	6,617
Expires: 30 June 2026	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	6,103
	Estimate for 2025/26	1,721
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	-

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve significant acceleration and broadening of the uptake of an integrated approach to farm planning.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

	2024/25		2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard	
Number of projects that support farm businesses to improve existing farm plans or adopt an integrated approach to farm planning	20	20	20	
Number of Māori farm businesses supported to adopt Integrated Farm Plans through clusters or collectives (see Note 1)	25	25	Deleted performance indicator	

Note 1 - This performance indicator has been deleted due to limited funding for this appropriation.

#### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Minister of Agriculture in a report appended to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Annual Report.

#### Service Providers

Provider	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2024/25 Estimated Actual \$000		Expiry of Resourcing Commitment
Taranaki Catchment Communities Incorporated	663	663	195	
The West Coast Focus Farm Advisory Board	380	380	377	
Hurakia Trust	332	332	Contract under negotiation	

	2024/25 Final Budgeted	2024/25 Estimated Actual	2025/26 Budaet	Expiry of Resourcing
Provider	\$000	\$000		Commitment
Ellesmere Sustainable Agriculture Incorporated	275	275	167	
Farm 4 Life Limited	220	220	Contract under negotiation	
Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited	212	212	Contract under negotiation	
Ngati Pahauwera Development Trust Limited	210	210	Contract under negotiation	
AgFirst Gisborne Limited	203	203	60	
Deer Industry New Zealand	200	200	400	
Tairāwhiti Whenua Charitable Trust	198	198	250	
Upper Taieri Wai Incorporated	194	194	194	
Rangitikei Rivers Catchment Collective Incorporated	170	170	Contract under negotiation	
BakerAg NZ Limited	150	150	90	
Te Roopu Tuku Iho Limited	149	149	152	
Pārengarenga Incorporation	125	125	110	
Te Make Farms Limited	116	116	117	
East Otago Catchment Group Incorporated	109	109	47	
Catchment Collective South Canterbury Society Incorporated	107	107	54	
AgFirst Pastoral (HB) Limited	103	103	95	
Te Waka Pupuri Putea Trust	100	100	Contract under negotiation	
Te Roroa Farm Development Limited	70	70	117	
North Otago Sustainable Land Management Group Incorporated	31	31	182	
Other (Pipeline)	617	617	119	
Underspent budget in 2024/25 to be utilised in 2025/26 for committed investments	1,169	1,169	(1,169)	
Uncommitted budget 2025/26 or other suppliers	-	-	164	
Total	6,103	6,103	1,721	

# Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Previous Government						
Accelerating the Delivery of a National Integrated Farm Planning System to New Zealand's Farmers and Growers	2021/22	3,390	1,721	-	-	-

#### Fisheries: Provision for Fisheries Debt Write Downs (M102) (A14)

#### Scope of Appropriation

This appropriation is limited to commercial fishing sector quota holder debt write-offs.

#### Expenses

	2024	4/25	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000		0
Total Appropriation	1,000	1,000	1,000

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the provision of debt-write offs for fishing sector quota holders.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

An exemption was granted as the appropriation is one from which resources will be provided to a person or entity other than a department, a functional chief executive, an Office of Parliament, or a Crown entity under s15D(2)(b)(iii) of the Public Finance Act, as additional performance information is unlikely to be informative because this appropriation is solely for payments made in accordance to statutory requirement.

#### Primary Sector Growth Fund (M2) (A14)

#### Scope of Appropriation and Expenses

Type, Title, Scope and Period of Appropriations	Appropriations, Adjustments and Use	\$000
Primary Sector Growth Fund (M2) (A14)	Original Appropriation	353,779
This appropriation is limited to expenses incurred in conjunction with co- funding from industry and community groups on supporting the development of	Adjustments to 2023/24	-
New Zealand's primary industries.	Adjustments for 2024/25	-
Commences: 01 July 2025	Adjusted Appropriation	353,779
	Actual to 2023/24 Year End	-
Expires: 30 June 2030	Estimated Actual for 2024/25	-
	Estimate for 2025/26	54,763
	Estimated Appropriation Remaining	299,016

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the provision of support for the development of New Zealand's primary industries.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

	2024/25		2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Total committed value of active projects and programmes under active management in the Primary Sector Growth Fund (see Note 1)	-	-	Minimum \$200 million
Percentage of contracts completed in the financial year that met all their contracted deliverables (see Note 2)	-	-	90-100%

Note 1 - The performance indicator has been re-purposed for this new MYA for Primary Sector Growth Fund from a previous MYA Sustainable Food and Fibre Futures Fund that was closed on 30 June 2025.

Minimum \$200 million is an aggregated total of MPI committed funding of all active projects and programmes (whole of life costs). Active management means in-progress projects and programmes that have been contracted and being individually managed.

Note 2 - The performance indicator has been re-purposed for this new MYA for Primary Sector Growth Fund from a previous MYA Sustainable Food and Fibre Futures Fund that was closed on 30 June 2025.

#### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Minister of Agriculture in a report appended to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Annual Report.

#### Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Primary Sector Growth Fund - Establishing the Fund	2025/26	-	54,763	74,754	74,754	74,754

#### Reasons for Change in Appropriation

This is a newly created multi-year appropriation, with funding transferred from the existing multi-year appropriation: Sustainable Food and Fibre Futures Fund.

#### Subscriptions to International Organisations (M2) (A14)

#### *Scope of Appropriation*

This appropriation is limited to New Zealand's membership of primary industry-related international organisations.

#### Expenses

	2024/25		2025/26	
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000		
Total Appropriation	4,408	4,408	3,208	

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the effective management of New Zealand's memberships to primary industry-related international organisations.

#### How Performance will be Assessed and End of Year Reporting Requirements

An exemption was granted as the appropriation is one from which resources will be provided to a person or entity other than a department, a functional chief executive, an Office of Parliament, or a Crown entity under s15D(2)(b)(iii) of the Public Finance Act, and the amount of this annual appropriation for a non-departmental other expense is less than \$5 million.

#### Reasons for Change in Appropriation

The decrease in this appropriation for 2025/26 is due to \$1.200 million funding for Subscription to International Organisations during 2024/25.

# Part 4 - Details of Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure

### 4 - Multi-Category Expenses and Capital Expenditure

#### Agriculture: Programmes Supporting Sustainability (M2) (A14)

#### **Overarching Purpose Statement**

The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to support a sustainable and competitive agricultural sector through implementing and delivering programmes, and undertaking research.

#### Scope of Appropriation

#### **Departmental Output Expenses**

*Agriculture: Administration of Grants and Programmes* This category is limited to the administration of government approved schemes, grants and assistance to the agricultural sector.

#### Animal Welfare: Education and Enforcement

This category is limited to education and enforcement intended to improve animal welfare in New Zealand.

#### Climate Emergency Response Implementation and Administration

This category is limited to expenses incurred in implementing and administering programmes under the Climate Emergency Response Fund in the Primary Sector other than Forestry.

#### **Non-Departmental Output Expenses**

*Agriculture: Grants Supporting Sustainability* This category is limited to funding of grants to support a sustainable and competitive agricultural sector.

#### Agriculture: Recovery Assistance

This category is limited to providing recovery assistance to the primary sector to prevent or repair damage or minimise losses or provide professional advice following a response or adverse event such as a fire or biosecurity incursion.

#### Non-Departmental Capital Expenditure

#### Agriculture: Climate Emergency Response Fund Joint Venture

This appropriation is limited to the Crowns' investment in a public-private joint venture established to drive product development and commercialisation of agricultural emission mitigation tools.

	2024/25	5	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Total Appropriation	96,695	96,695	97,867
Departmental Output Expenses			
Agriculture: Administration of Grants and Programmes	16,903	16,903	20,136
Animal Welfare: Education and Enforcement	28,436	28,436	28,456
Climate Emergency Response Implementation and Administration	13,863	13,863	13,195
Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Agriculture: Grants Supporting Sustainability	7,568	7,568	-
Agriculture: Recovery Assistance	1,592	1,592	747
Non-Departmental Capital Expenditure			
Agriculture: Climate Emergency Response Fund Joint Venture	28,333	28,333	35,333
Funding for Departmental Output Expenses			
Revenue from the Crown	59,166	59,166	61,751
Agriculture: Administration of Grants and Programmes	16,873	16,873	20,106
Animal Welfare: Education and Enforcement	28,430	28,430	28,450
Climate Emergency Response Implementation and Administration	13,863	13,863	13,195
Revenue from Others	36	36	36
Agriculture: Administration of Grants and Programmes	30	30	30
Animal Welfare: Education and Enforcement	6	6	6

#### Expenses, Revenue and Capital Expenditure

#### What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the development and implementation of policies and programmes that support the agricultural sector in being competitive and sustainable.

#### How Performance will be Assessed for this Appropriation

	2024/2	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
When a project or programme is completed through Primary Sector Growth Fund and Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change Fund within the financial year, a summary of outcomes that demonstrate benefits to New Zealand is published on MPI websites (see Note 1)	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved
Percentage of animal welfare cases taken to court that achieve their objective (see Note 2)	90-95%	90-95%	90-95%
Percentage of completed research contracts or work programmes that have completed intended deliverables (see Note 3)	90%	90%	Deleted performance indicator

Note 1 - The performance indicator has been improved to reflect the updated scope that will provide tangible examples of outputs and outcomes of co-invested projects and programmes. The following contextual note has been added: This performance indicator focuses on Primary Sector Growth Fund and Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change projects and programmes where Crown investment is more than \$1 million, contracted by MPI that have delivered intended outcomes and provides tangible examples of the work undertaken.

Note 2 - A case is considered to have achieved its objective if at least one charge has been proven against a defendant. This is determined when the case file shows a charge decision of "Convicted" or "Convicted and Discharged" for at least one defendant. The objective is still considered achieved if:

- a defendant is acquitted on public interest grounds (eg, in extreme situations, such as when a defendant's death leads to the withdrawal of charges
- a judge discharges all defendants without conviction due to mitigating factors, as long as no deficiencies in the prosecution's case contributed to the decision
- less serious charges are withdrawn in favour of guilty pleas to more serious charges.

A case is considered to have not achieved its objective if there are no charge decisions of "Convicted" or "Convicted and Discharged" for any defendant. This includes cases where all charges are either Discharged without Conviction, Dismissed, Withdrawn, or result in an Acquittal.

Note 3 - This performance indicator has been deleted as it is no longer fit-for-purpose.

# What is Intended to be Achieved with each Category and How Performance will be Assessed

	202	4/25	2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Departmental Output Expenses			
Agriculture: Administration of Grants and Programmes			
This category is intended to achieve the effective administration of MPI's agricultural grants and programmes activities.			
Percentage of funding applications processed in the agreed timeframes (see Note 1)	80%	80%	80%
Number of Māori landowners, Māori businesses, and iwi/hapū entities participating in services provided by Māori Agribusiness (as part of the Integrated Advisory Services) each year	Equal to or greater than 80	Equal to or greater than 80	Equal to or greater than 80
Animal Welfare: Education and Enforcement			
This category is intended to achieve the effective provision of education and enforcement to improve animal welfare in New Zealand.			
Percentage of priority 1 (Grade 1 - significant/acute) complaints are recorded and responded to within 24 hours (see Note 2)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Undertake preventative inspections contributing to better animal welfare outcomes per year (see Note 3)	200	200	200
Percentage of investigations resolved within the required timeframes (see Note 4)	90-95%	90-95%	Deleted performance indicator

	2024	1/25	2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Climate Emergency Response Implementation and Administration			
This category is intended to achieve effective support to help meet New Zealand domestic and international climate change targets.			
Number of entities participating in MPI's climate change and emissions reductions programmes (see Note 5)	20	20	20
Number of science-based information events at agricultural shows delivered (see Note 6)	New performance indicator	New performance indicator	5
Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Agriculture: Recovery Assistance			
This category is intended to achieve support to rural communities, build wellbeing, resilience and significantly deepen MPI's engagement with the primary sector.			
Percentage of those within the Primary Sector affected by adverse events who were eligible and took up recovery assistance funding (see Note 7)	85%	85%	85%
Non-Departmental Capital Expenditure			
Agriculture: Climate Emergency Response Fund Joint Venture			
This category is intended to achieve acceleration of product development and commercialisation of agricultural emission mitigations tools that can be used on-farm to reduce biogenic methane and nitrous oxide emissions.			
Invest in portfolio of high abatement potential ventures equitably across sectors (see Note 8)	Invested in at least 3 ventures per financial year	Invested in at least 3 ventures per financial year	Invested in at least 3 ventures per financial year

Note 1 - The application and assessment processes for each fund administered has its own criteria and timeframes. Funds covered are: Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change - Adaption/Extension/Freshwater Mitigation; and Primary Sector Growth Fund.

Note 2 - 'Grade 1 complaints' refer to the situation where animals are comatose/recumbent, having a broken limb, severely injured, receiving aggravated/severe ill treatment, or dying.

Note 3 - 'Preventative inspections' is defined as, but not limited to, inspecting farms known to engage in intensive winter grazing practices, broiler chicken farms, monitoring rodeos, etc.

Note 4 - This performance indicator has been deleted as there are other performance indicators under this MCA category that represent the performance.

Note 5 - An entity is any legal entity liable for emissions levies or responsible for decision making that affects practice and land use changes eg, producer businesses (farmer/grower/Māori agribusiness), landowner organisations (trusts, iwi, hapū).

Note 6 - This new performance indicator reflects the shift in MPI's focus on providing practical, sciencebased information. This highlights 'Science for Farmers' activities, such as events and publications, which better show how MPI is helping farmers and growers adopt climate-smart practices and support New Zealand's climate change goals. An event refers to any outreach activity, such as workshops or presentations, at agricultural shows. Technical notes are brief documents providing updates or insights, while magazine editions are regular publications shared with the agricultural community.

Note 7 - This is a placeholder performance indicator that will be used during an adverse event to support the primary sector. In previous years a similar measure has been used for adverse events eg, cyclone, drought but not limited to weather events.

Note 8 - This performance indicator should be viewed together with the performance indicators for Accelerating Development of Greenhouse Gas Mitigations Research and Development Fund (MYA), as these indicators reflect the effectiveness of research and investment programme towards accelerating greenhouse gas mitigations research and other initiatives.

## End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Ministry for Primary Industries in its Annual Report.

## Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
Sustainable Land Management and Climate Change Programme - Return of Funding	2027/28	-	-	-	(4,600)	(4,600)
Ministry for Primary Industries Operating Efficiencies - Return of Funding	2024/25	(13,335)	(10,842)	(10,842)	(10,842)	(10,842)
On-Farm Support Services - Return of Funding	2024/25	(6,200)	(7,000)	(7,000)	(7,000)	(7,000)
Draw-down National Resource Cluster (NRC) Tagged Operating Contingency	2024/25	2,890	2,890	-	-	-
Supporting the Transition to a Low Emissions Future - Return of Funding	2023/24	(5,166)	(5,249)	(5,249)	(5,249)	(5,249)
Accelerating Development of Greenhouse Gas Emissions - Return of Funding	2023/24	(14,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)
Previous Government						
Return of unallocated COVID-19 Response and Recovery Fund: Jobs for Nature funding	2024/25	(3,969)	-	-	-	-
Accelerating Agricultural Climate Change Research and On-Farm Emissions Mitigation	2024/25	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Ensuring the Ongoing Delivery of Regulatory Compliance and Enforcement Activities Under the Animal Welfare Act 1999	2022/23	2,304	2,304	2,304	2,304	2,304
Integrated Advisory Services to Support More Sustainable and Productive Land-Use Practices	2022/23	27,301	29,768	29,768	29,768	29,768
Agriculture Emissions Reduction - Accelerating Development of Greenhouse Gas Mitigations	2022/23	123,735	122,235	122,235	122,235	122,235
Agriculture Emissions Reduction - Supporting Producers and Māori Entities Transition to a Low Emissions Future	2022/23	10,332	10,497	10,497	10,497	10,497
Addressing the Impact of Changes to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Collective Agreements and Supply Costs	2022/23	1,946	1,946	1,946	1,946	1,946

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Protecting the Credibility of New Zealand's Animal Health and Welfare Regulatory and Adverse Event Response Systems	2022/23	10,078	10,098	10,098	10,098	10,098
Jobs for Nature Phase 3 Contingency Drawdown	2021/22	6,512	-	-	-	-

## Biosecurity: Border and Domestic Biosecurity Risk Management (M7) (A14)

## **Overarching Purpose Statement**

The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to improve biosecurity risk management by providing operational support to prevent harmful organisms from crossing the borders and working to reduce the unwanted harm caused by organisms already established in New Zealand.

## Scope of Appropriation

#### **Departmental Output Expenses**

*Biosecurity Incursion Response and Long Term Pest Management* This category is limited to the assessment, containment and possible eradication of suspected biosecurity risk organisms within New Zealand.

#### Border Biosecurity Monitoring and Clearance

This category is limited to biosecurity monitoring and clearance programmes that manage the biosecurity risk associated with international trade and travel.

#### Border Biosecurity Systems Development and Maintenance

This category is limited to the development and maintenance of standards and systems that manage biosecurity risk associated with imports and exports.

Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance This category is limited to domestic biosecurity surveillance activities.

Response to Mycoplasma bovis

This category is limited to the eradication and long-term management of Mycoplasma bovis.

#### **Non-Departmental Output Expenses**

#### Biosecurity: Control of Bovine TB

This category is limited to the Crown's contribution to implementing the National Bovine Tuberculosis Pest Management Plan.

#### Biosecurity: Grants Supporting Biosecurity Programmes and Initiatives

This category is limited to the funding of grants to capture data and information, undertake research and development projects, carry out disease and pest management and other activities supporting biosecurity.

#### **Non-Departmental Other Expenses**

*Biosecurity: Compensation and ex-gratia payments following a Biosecurity Event* This category is limited to the expenses incurred as a result of compensation and ex-gratia payments arising from Biosecurity events.

*Compensation and Ex-Gratia Payments in Response to Mycoplasma bovis* This category is limited to the payment of compensation and ex-gratia payments relating to actions taken to manage Mycoplasma bovis under the Biosecurity Act 1993.

## Expenses, Revenue and Capital Expenditure

	2024/25	5	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Total Appropriation	447,431	447,431	425,833
Departmental Output Expenses			
Biosecurity Incursion Response and Long Term Pest Management	69,827	69,827	80,952
Border Biosecurity Monitoring and Clearance	165,064	165,064	170,605
Border Biosecurity Systems Development and Maintenance	24,346	24,346	35,184
Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance	76,738	76,738	70,339
Response to Mycoplasma bovis	19,256	19,256	6,055
Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Biosecurity: Control of Bovine TB	24,000	24,000	24,000
Biosecurity: Grants Supporting Biosecurity Programmes and Initiatives	30,341	30,341	25,688
Non-Departmental Other Expenses			
Biosecurity: Compensation and ex-gratia payments following a Biosecurity Event	15,010	15,010	10
Compensation and Ex-Gratia Payments in Response to Mycoplasma bovis	22,849	22,849	13,000
Funding for Departmental Output Expenses			
Revenue from the Crown	174,644	174,644	175,662
Biosecurity Incursion Response and Long Term Pest Management	65,702	65,702	80,177
Border Biosecurity Monitoring and Clearance	3,362	3,362	639
Border Biosecurity Systems Development and Maintenance	16,785	16,785	26,485
Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance	71,667	71,667	66,067
Response to Mycoplasma bovis	17,128	17,128	2,294
Revenue from Others	180,587	180,587	187,473
Biosecurity Incursion Response and Long Term Pest Management	4,125	4,125	775
Border Biosecurity Monitoring and Clearance	161,702	161,702	169,966
Border Biosecurity Systems Development and Maintenance	7,561	7,561	8,699
Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance	5,071	5,071	4,272
Response to Mycoplasma bovis	2,128	2,128	3,761

## What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve effective management of biosecurity monitoring and clearance programmes, the development and maintenance of biosecurity risk processes associated with imports and exports and the assessment, containment and possible eradication of suspected risk organisms. This includes the management of domestic biosecurity surveillance activities.

## How Performance will be Assessed for this Appropriation

	2024/25	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Percentage of requirements for Biosecurity Import Health Standards met when clearing import entries (see Note 1)	95%	95%	95%
Percentage of targeted and pathway surveillance programmes that meet market access and export requirements (see Note 2)	100%	100%	100%
Percentage of high-risk or serious pest or disease notifications that commence investigation within 24 hours (see Note 3)	100%	100%	Moved performance indicator

Note 1 - Percentage of requirements met means the number of consignments that are checked where the biosecurity decision is in line with the requirements of the Import Health Standard divided by the total number of consignments checked.

Note 2 - This performance indicator has been moved from the MCA category: Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance and used as an overarching measure where it is better suited.

Overseas trade markets are closed when the quality of biosecurity surveillance programmes does not meet acceptable and recognised standards to achieve exporters' objectives. Internal engagement with relevant Market Access/Exports teams is undertaken to determine if this quality represented the cause of any market closures. Only applies where surveillance programmes are relevant to export market requirements.

Note 3 - This performance indicator has been moved to the appropriation category Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance where it is better suited.

*What is Intended to be Achieved with each Category and How Performance will be Assessed* 

	2024/25		2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Departmental Output Expenses			
Biosecurity Incursion Response and Long Term Pest Management			
This category is intended to achieve effective management of the leadership and coordination of activities relating to all biosecurity responses, in order to mitigate the adverse impacts of risk organisms.			
Percentage of biosecurity response exercises that achieved their intended outcomes (see Note 1)	4	4	80%

	202	4/25	2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Percentage of contracted service providers, or parties with funding arrangements (greater than \$40,000 per annum), managing established pests and diseases, that achieve funding objectives that are expected to be delivered during the financial year (see Note 2)	85%	85%	85%
Percentage of new or renewed GIA partners with operational agreements, including multi-lateral agreements (see Note 3)	5% increase per annum	5% increase per annum	Deleted performance indicator
Border Biosecurity Monitoring and Clearance			
This category is intended to achieve the effective monitoring and clearance of passengers, vessels, mail and goods arriving in New Zealand to prevent exposure of our community and environment to a range of biosecurity risks.			
Percentage of international air travellers who are compliant with biosecurity requirements after border interventions (see Note 4)	98.50%	98.50%	98.5%
Percentage of international mail compliant with biosecurity requirements after border interventions (see Note 5)	99%	99%	99%
Percentage of transitional facilities with acceptable outcomes based on their latest standard performance-based verification (PBV) audit (see Note 6)	80%	80%	90%
Border Biosecurity Systems Development and Maintenance			
This category is intended to achieve the effective maintenance of New Zealand's biosecurity system that prevents the introduction and establishment of serious notifiable organisms through manageable pathways.			
Number of new Import Health Standards developed, and the number of amendments made to existing Import Health Standards (see Note 7)	8 or more	8 or more	8 or more
Percentage of export certificates issued annually that meet biosecurity and phytosanitary technical requirements of overseas competent authorities (see Note 8)	99%	99%	99%
Percentage of decisions on permits made within 30 days of submission of a valid application (see Note 9)	New performance indicator	New performance indicator	95%
Percentage of World Organisation for Animal Health and International Plant Protection Convention standards that are adopted by New Zealand (see Note 10)	90%	90%	Deleted performance indicator
Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance			
This category is intended to achieve effective management of the information received from the public, industry and the scientific community about suspected exotic pests or diseases. It also includes the collection, sampling and testing of organisms suspected of carrying or being infected with a potential biosecurity risk.			
Percentage of laboratory screening tests for suspected, exotic, or new pests and diseases completed and reported within 30 working days of sample receipt (see Note 11)	90%	90%	90%
Percentage of incursion investigations closed within 30 days with biological risk managed or no further action warranted (see Note 12)	80%	80%	80%
Percentage of targeted surveillance programmes that detect high-risk and serious pests and diseases to prevent establishment and reduce biosecurity impacts (see Note 13)	90%	90%	90%
Percentage of high-risk or serious pest or disease notifications that commence investigation within 24 hours (see Note 14)	100%	100%	100%

	2024/2	25	2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Response to Mycoplasma bovis			
This category is intended to achieve the effective eradication and long-term management of Mycoplasma bovis.			
Minister for Biosecurity receives Ministry for Primary Industries' quarterly advice on the progress made by M. Bovis Free New Zealand Ltd towards the achievement of the M. Bovis Free National Pest Management Plan objectives (see Note 15)	95% or greater	95% or greater	Achieved
Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Biosecurity: Control of Bovine TB			
This category is intended to achieve the effective management of the Crown's contribution to TBFree's vector control programme.			
Minister for Biosecurity receives Ministry for Primary Industries' quarterly advice on the progress made by TBFree New Zealand Ltd towards the achievement of the TBFree National Pest Management Plan objectives (see Note 16)	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved
Biosecurity: Grants Supporting Biosecurity Programmes and Initiatives			
This category is intended to achieve the effective provision of grants to support organisations to manage biosecurity risk.			
Percentage of grant funding recipients monitored that achieve funding objectives expected to be delivered during the financial year (see Note 17)	95%	95%	80%
Non-Departmental Other Expenses			
Biosecurity: Compensation and ex-gratia payments following a Biosecurity Event			
This category is intended to achieve compensation and ex- gratia payments relating to actions taken to manage Biosecurity events under the Biosecurity Act 1993.			
Percentage of claims that are acknowledged within 3 working days of receipt	90%	90%	90%
Compensation and Ex-Gratia Payments in Response to Mycoplasma bovis			
This category is intended to achieve compensation and ex- gratia payments relating to actions taken to manage Mycoplasma bovis under the Biosecurity Act 1993.			
Percentage of non-complex compensation claims resolved within 30 working days of receipt (see Note 18)	90%	90%	90%
Percentage of complex claims have a Resolution Plan in place and communication has occurred with the claimant within 3 months of receipt (see Note 19)	100%	100%	Deleted performance indicator

Note 1 - The previous performance indicator (Number of response exercises held to prepare MPI for the possible incursion of new pests and diseases into New Zealand) has been replaced by 'Percentage of biosecurity response exercises that achieved their intended outcomes'. This new indicator is more outcome related and focuses on the intended outcomes of the response exercises rather than the number of exercises undertaken.

Response exercises are fully planned and executed exercises that improve our readiness to respond, each of which will have specific outcomes. It includes all exercises relating to biosecurity that ranges from simple tabletop exercises to those conducted under the National Exercise Programme (NEP).

Note 2 - This performance indicator targets longer term response to managing established pests and diseases programmes and not short-term programmes to manage incursions.

Note 3 - This performance indicator has been deleted as the original intent of monitoring the signing of Government Industry Agreements (GIAs) has been achieved.

Note 4 - This performance indicator assesses the performance of the pre-border and border layers of the MPI biosecurity system for air travellers at the border. This is measured at the point when the passenger has completed border clearance processing and is entering New Zealand. This compliance rate is an important result to provide assurance that MPI's intervention settings at the border are performing as intended and our compliance rate is maintained by confirming there is not an increase in non-compliant biosecurity risk goods coming through the border. The border is complex with varying processes and interventions applied depending on what is being imported and the risks posed. Hence, the indicator was updated to be a good representation and reflect the performance of air passenger compliance.

Note 5 - This performance indicator assesses the performance of the pre-border and border layers of the MPI biosecurity system for international mail clearance at the border. This is measured at the point when mail has completed border clearance processing and is released to NZ Post for delivery within New Zealand. The compliance result is a measure of MPI's biosecurity requirements, and interventions at the mail centre. This compliance rate is an important result to provide assurance that MPI's intervention settings pre-border and at the border are performing as intended and the compliance rate is maintained by confirming there is not an increase in non-compliant biosecurity risk goods coming through the border. The border is complex with varying processes and interventions applied depending on what is being imported and the risks posed. Hence, the indicator was updated to be a good representation and reflect the performance of international mail compliance.

Note 6 - The previous performance indicator (Percentage of audited transitional facilities demonstrate an improvement in compliance) has been amended to "Percentage of transitional facilities with acceptable outcomes based on their latest standard performance-based verification (PBV) audit" to reflect compliance measure for Transitional Facilities providing assurance on how they are performing.

A transitional facility (TF) is a place approved for the purpose of inspection, storage, treatment, holding or destruction of uncleared risk goods. It must meet the requirements of MPI's Transitional Facility for General Uncleared Risk Goods (TFGEN) standard for approval, demonstrating how they are going to maintain, manage and operate the TF and uncleared risk goods held there including responsibility of the TF operation (person responsible for TF).

Performance-based verification (PBV) audit is the auditing of MPI-approved transitional facilities to assess compliance against our standard and also their operating manuals. The outcomes of these audits determine the frequency of MPI's visits.

Note 7 - This refers to an increase in the total number of new Import Health Standards and amended Import Health Standards over the previous financial years.

Note 8 - 'Overseas competent authorities' is a World Trade Organisation term that defines a specific group of authorities. This measure applies to biosecurity and phytosanitary export certificates for plants, plant products, forestry, live animals, germplasm and hatching eggs.

Note 9 - A new performance indicator has been added to better reflect the intention of the appropriation category Border Biosecurity Systems Development and Maintenance. This is also a timeliness measure which is an upgrade of the previous input-focussed measure.

This indicator ensures timely trade facilitation and movement of high-risk goods while safeguarding biosecurity. Many of New Zealand's import health standards require an import permit to be issued by MPI (pursuant to section 24D (2) of the Biosecurity Act). Assessing permit applications in a timely and efficient manner facilitates trade whilst safeguarding New Zealand's biosecurity.

Note 10 - This performance indicator is no longer relevant and has been deleted and replaced by a new performance indicator "Percentage of decisions on permits made within 30 days of submission of a valid application". Refer to Note 9.

Note 11 - Reference laboratory agent characterisation for positive cases involves in-depth scientific methods and takes more than 30 days.

Note 12 - An automatically generated standard report from the Surveillance Information and Management System (SIMS) has been developed. This is now used as the standard tool. In addition, automatically system generated dashboards are in regular use for teams to use for checking as required on the status of the investigation.

Note 13 - This performance indicator monitors the outcomes/results (quality and success) of biosecurity post-border early detection mechanisms.

High biological risk pests and diseases are those that pose the greatest risk to our productive and native ecosystems.

Note 14 - This performance indicator has been moved from being an MCA overarching indicator and used as an indicator for this category: Domestic Biosecurity Surveillance where it is better suited.

High biological risk pests and diseases are those that pose the greatest risk to our productive and native ecosystems.

Note 15 - The previous performance indicator (Percentage of farms captured by all surveillance streams over the past 12 months that test negative) has been replaced with "Minister for Biosecurity receives Ministry for Primary Industries' quarterly advice on the progress made by M.Bovis Free New Zealand Ltd towards the achievement of the M.Bovis Free National Pest Management Plan objectives" to reflect the transition to a National Pest Management plan for M.Bovis. The budget standard has also been updated to align with the amended indicator.

MPI's role is to monitor and provide advice to the Minister. With Dairy NZ and Beef + Lamb NZ, MPI fund and support M.Bovis Free New Zealand.

Note 16 - Ministry for Primary Industries' role is to monitor and provide advice to the Minister. MPI is not a signatory to the funding agreement (the Minister is) and has no authority or accountability for the delivery of the Programme.

Note 17 - This performance indicator supports building biosecurity engagement through awareness, connection, collaboration, and capability building. It empowers communities to take a proactive approach to managing their biosecurity risks and practices.

Note 18 - Non-complex compensation claims include those for stock destruction (surveillance/testing purposes, or depopulation of an infected property) where an exercise of power has directed the destruction of a claimant's cattle. Resolved means a formal decision is made.

Note 19 - This performance indicator has been deleted. This indicator is no longer relevant due to the low volume of complex claims requiring resolution. The performance indicator "Percentage of non-complex compensation claims resolved within 30 working days of receipt" now covers this category referring to non-complex compensation claims.

## End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Ministry for Primary Industries in its Annual Report.

## Current and Past Policy Initiatives

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
H7N6 High Pathogenicity Avian Influenza Response	2024/25	20,000	-	-	-	-
Cost Recovery of Ministry for Primary Service - Return of Fundings	2024/25	(3,100)	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)
Ministry for Primary Industries Operating Efficiencies - Return of Funding	2024/25	(6,685)	(5,435)	(5,435)	(5,435)	(5,435)
Draw-down National Resource Cluster (NRC) Tagged Operating Contingency	2024/25	5,770	5,780	-	-	-
Previous Government						
Completing the Eradication of Mycoplasma Bovis from New Zealand	2023/24	32,089	28,316	14,799	14,799	14,799
Addressing the Impact of Changes to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Collective Agreements and Supply Costs	2022/23	7,479	7,479	7,479	7,479	7,479
National Pathway Management Plan for Clean Hulls	2022/23	1,599	1,599	1,599	1,599	1,599
Addressing Critical Gaps in NZ's Biosecurity System to Protect Our Taonga, Biodiversity, Economy and Our Way of Life	2022/23	12,168	12,263	12,263	12,263	12,263
Protecting and Preserving Kauri, New Zealand's Iconic Taonga	2021/22	4,000	4,000	-	-	-
Biosecurity Screening for Increasing Mail Volumes and Advanced Screening Technology at the New Auckland Mail Centre	2021/22	2,139	2,139	2,139	2,139	2,139

## Reasons for Change in Appropriation

The decrease in this appropriation for 2025/26 is mainly due to:

- one-off funding of \$20 million in 2024/25 for Response cost for H7N6 High Pathogenicity Avian Influenza
- one-off funding transfer of \$3.350 million in 2024/25 from Department of Conservation for the Wilding Conifer Control Programme
- a decrease in time limited funding of \$2.568 million in 2025/26 for the development of MPI's Biosecurity Rostering System.

This decrease has been partially offset by increases due to:

- \$6 million funding in 2025/26 to support increase in resources for border services
- \$5.200 million fiscally neutral transfer in 2024/25 to other appropriations in response to change in cost allocations.

#### Memorandum Account

	2024/2	5	2025/26
	Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Border Biosecurity Clearance Fees			
Opening Balance at 1 July	6,185	6,185	17,501
Revenue	84,705	84,705	86,943
Expenses	(73,389)	(73,389)	(77,674)
Closing Balance at 30 June	17,501	17,501	26,770
Phytosanitary Exports			
Opening Balance at 1 July	(1,661)	(1,661)	(1,683)
Revenue	3,699	3,699	4,668
Expenses	(3,721)	(3,721)	(3,795)
Closing Balance at 30 June	(1,683)	(1,683)	(810)
Border Biosecurity Traveller Clearance Levies			
Opening Balance at 1 July	18,179	18,179	56,240
Revenue	110,850	110,850	120,450
Expenses	(72,789)	(72,789)	(83,899)
Closing Balance at 30 June	56,240	56,240	92,791

Memorandum accounts record the accumulated balance of surpluses and deficits incurred for outputs provided to third party users of those services on a full cost recovery basis.

The Border Biosecurity Clearance Fees memorandum account covers:

- levies imposed on all importations of goods for which a document is lodged with the New Zealand Customs Service under regulations 26(2) of the Customs and Excise Regulations 1996, and
- all other fees collected under the Biosecurity Costs Regulations 2010 including inspection of risk goods, offshore inspection of ships, and approval and audit of transitional containment facilities and facility operators.

The Phytosanitary Exports memorandum account covers fees for certification of plant and forestry exports.

The Border Biosecurity Traveller Clearance memorandum account covers fees and costs associated with the biosecurity clearance costs of travellers coming into New Zealand. The charging model is periodically reviewed to ensure that the services are being provided in the most efficient cost-effective way and that the fees/levies reflect the cost of services provided.

The Ministry for Primary Industries has a strategy of maintaining each memorandum account in a balanced state over the medium term. Passenger levies were reset in 2021 to align with the expected recovery of passenger numbers post-COVID-19. Consequently, this memorandum account has moved into surplus since 2023/24. A rate reset will be proposed once the account has returned to surplus.

## Development and Implementation of Primary Industries Policy Advice (M2) (A14)

## **Overarching Purpose Statement**

The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to provide both policy and operational advice and support to Ministers in discharging their policy and operational decision-making responsibilities with regards to primary industries.

## Scope of Appropriation

#### **Departmental Output Expenses**

#### Agriculture: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing

This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to agriculture and climate change.

#### Animal Welfare: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing

This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to animal welfare.

#### Biosecurity: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing

This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to biosecurity.

#### Fisheries Policy Advice

This category is limited to the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies) to support decision-making by Ministers on Government policy matters relating to the development of standards and guidelines for the sustainable and efficient utilisation of New Zealand's fisheries and promotion of New Zealand's interests in an international context.

#### Food Safety: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing

This category is limited to supporting Ministers on Government policy matters through the provision of advice (including second opinion advice and contributing to policy advice led by other agencies), implementation of policy decisions, operational policy, administering legislation, and ministerial servicing relating to food safety.

#### Operational Advice on Sustainability and Management Controls in Fisheries

This category is limited to operational advice to support decision-making by Ministers on Government policy matters relating to operational advice on sustainability and management controls for New Zealand's fisheries.

#### Trade and Market Access Primary Industries

This category is limited to the implementation of government interventions, including the coordination of activities, development and delivery of frameworks that facilitate international trade in primary products with the exception of food-related safety aspects, and implementation of agreements and arrangements which influence and improve multilateral, regional and bilateral relationships.

## Expenses, Revenue and Capital Expenditure

	2024/25	5	2025/26
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000
Total Appropriation	144,199	144,199	156,392
Departmental Output Expenses			
Agriculture: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	59,501	59,501	73,552
Animal Welfare: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	8,238	8,238	8,238
Biosecurity: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	7,004	7,004	7,004
Fisheries Policy Advice	10,517	10,517	9,157
Food Safety: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	6,911	6,911	6,911
Operational Advice on Sustainability and Management Controls in Fisheries	36,163	36,163	35,165
Trade and Market Access Primary Industries	15,865	15,865	16,365
Funding for Departmental Output Expenses			
Revenue from the Crown	141,110	141,110	153,438
Agriculture: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	58,857	58,857	73,233
Animal Welfare: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	8,229	8,229	8,229
Biosecurity: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	6,938	6,938	6,938
Fisheries Policy Advice	8,415	8,415	6,865
Food Safety: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	6,837	6,837	6,837
Operational Advice on Sustainability and Management Controls in Fisheries	35,969	35,969	34,971
Trade and Market Access Primary Industries	15,865	15,865	16,365
Revenue from Others	3,089	3,089	2,954
Agriculture: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	644	644	319
Animal Welfare: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	9	9	9
Biosecurity: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	66	66	66
Fisheries Policy Advice	2,102	2,102	2,292
Food Safety: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing	74	74	74
Operational Advice on Sustainability and Management Controls in Fisheries	194	194	194

## What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the effective development, provision and implementation of policy advice relating to agriculture, animal welfare, biosecurity, fisheries management and food safety.

## How Performance will be Assessed for this Appropriation

	2024/25		2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard	
Average satisfaction of the Ministers with MPI policy advice services, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 1)	4 or higher	4 or higher	4 or higher	
Technical quality assessment level for MPI policy advice papers, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 2)	3.5 or higher	3.5 or higher	3.5 or higher	

Note 1 - This performance indicator is an indicator of overall performance of policy advice provided for Agriculture, Animal Welfare, Biosecurity, Fisheries and Food Safety portfolios. The result is an average across all portfolios that MPI is responsible for. The assessment is carried out by an external provider and is a standard policy advice quality scale (5 being the highest).

Since 2023/24, MPI has been using an updated methodology that aligns with the guidance provided in the DPMC guidelines for Ministerial Satisfaction Surveys. DPMC rating scale: 1=Never, 2=Some of the time, 3=About half of the time, 4=Most of the time, 5=Always.

Note 2 - Since 2023/24, MPI has been using an updated methodology that aligns with the guidance provided in the DPMC guidelines for Policy Quality Review. DPMC rating scale: 1=Never, 2=Some of the time, 3=About half of the time, 4=Most of the time, 5=Always.

What is Intended to be Achieved	with each Category and How Performance will be	
Assessed		

	2024/25	2024/25		
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard	
Departmental Output Expenses				
Agriculture: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing				
This category is intended to achieve the effective development, provision and implementation of policy advice and efficient ministerial servicing related to agriculture and the promotion of farm productive and sustainable land use practices.				
Percentage of agriculture-related requests completed within either specified or statutory timeframes:				
Aide Memoires (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Briefings (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Ministerial Correspondence (Proposed response within a 20-working day timeframe)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Ministerial Official Information Act 1982 requests (Proposed response within a 15-working day timeframe) (see Note 1)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Written Parliamentary Questions (Proposed response within four working days) (see Note 2)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Satisfaction of the Minister of Agriculture with the policy advice service, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 3)	4 or higher	4 or higher	4 or higher	

	2024/25		2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard	
Animal Welfare: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing				
This category is intended to achieve the effective development and provision of policy advice and efficient ministerial servicing relating to animal welfare.				
Percentage of animal welfare-related requests completed within either specified or statutory timeframes:				
<ul> <li>Aide Memoires (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Briefings (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
<ul> <li>Ministerial Correspondence (Proposed response within a 20-working day timeframe)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
<ul> <li>Ministerial Official Information Act 1982 requests (Proposed response within a 15-working day timeframe) (see Note 1)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
<ul> <li>Written Parliamentary Questions (Proposed response within four working days) (see Note 2)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Satisfaction of the Minister of Agriculture with the policy advice service, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 3)	4 or higher	4 or higher	4 or highe	
Biosecurity: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing				
This category is intended to achieve the effective development and provision of policy advice and efficient ministerial servicing relating to biosecurity matters, including contributing to policy advice led by other agencies.				
Percentage of biosecurity-related requests completed within either specified or statutory timeframes:				
<ul> <li>Aide Memoires (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95 - 100%	
Briefings (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
<ul> <li>Ministerial Correspondence (Proposed response within a 20-working day timeframe)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
<ul> <li>Ministerial Official Information Act 1982 requests (Proposed response within a 15-working day timeframe) (see Note 1)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
<ul> <li>Written Parliamentary Questions (Proposed response within four working days) (see Note 2)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%	
Satisfaction of the Minister for Biosecurity with the policy advice service, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 3)	4 or higher	4 or higher	4 or higher	
Fisheries Policy Advice				
This category is intended to achieve the effective development and provision of policy advice and efficient ministerial servicing relating to fisheries matters, including the development of standards and guidelines for the sustainable management of New Zealand's fisheries, both domestically and internationally.				
Satisfaction of the Minister for Oceans and Fisheries with the policy advice service, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 3)	4 or higher	4 or higher	4 or higher	

	2024/25		2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Food Safety: Policy Advice and Ministerial Servicing			
This category is intended to achieve the effective development and provision of policy advice and efficient ministerial servicing relating to food safety.			
Percentage of food safety-related requests completed within either specified or statutory timeframes:			
Aide Memoires (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Briefings (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Ministerial Correspondence (Proposed response within a 20-working day timeframe)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
<ul> <li>Ministerial Official Information Act 1982 requests (Proposed response within a 15-working day timeframe) (see Note 1)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
<ul> <li>Written Parliamentary Questions (Proposed response within four working days) (see Note 2)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Satisfaction of the Minister for Food Safety with the policy advice service, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 3)	4 or higher	4 or higher	4 or higher
Operational Advice on Sustainability and Management Controls in Fisheries			
This category is intended to achieve the effective development and provision of operational advice for the sustainable management of New Zealand's fisheries.			
Satisfaction of the Minister for Oceans and Fisheries with MPI operational advice, on a scale of 1 to 5 (see Note 3)	4 or higher	4 or higher	4 or higher
Trade and Market Access Primary Industries			
This category is intended to achieve the development and implementation of government interventions and arrangements that influence and facilitate trade in primary products.			
Percentage of priority items progressed related to sanitary and phytosanitary matters and related conditions of trade on the market access work programme, as agreed with key meat, dairy, seafood, and horticulture/plants sector organisations (see Note 4)	75%	75%	75%
Agreement between MPI and the meat, dairy, seafood, and horticulture/plant sector organisations on a refreshed multi-year work programme, which validates the priorities for international trade engagement (see Note 5)	Achieved	Achieved	Achievec
Conclude the negotiation and signing of trade facilitating bilateral (or regional) arrangements with key trading partners accepting New Zealand primary industry regulatory systems (see Note 6)	1	1	1
Regular (eg, annual) formal face to face forums held with key trading partner regulators for implementation of Free Trade Agreements (FTAs) & other Agreements (see Note 7)	4	4	4

Note 1 - The statutory timeframe to respond to an OIA is 'as soon as reasonably practicable' and no later than 20 working days as stated in the Official Information Act 1982. MPI has an agreement with Ministers' offices to provide a proposed response for Ministerial OIAs within 15 working days. Based on this, Ministerial OIAs are measured to a 15-working day timeframe.

Note 2 - The parliamentary timeframe to respond to a WPQ is six working days. MPI aims to provide the Minister with a proposed response within four working days.

Note 3 - Since 2023/24, MPI has been using an updated methodology that aligns with the guidance provided in the DPMC guidelines for Ministerial Satisfaction Surveys. DPMC rating scale: 1=Never, 2=Some of the time, 3=About half of the time, 4=Most of the time, 5=Always.

Note 4 - Criteria for prioritisation is supported by the economic significance of the outcome, and the feasibility of achieving the outcome specific to the overseas market. 'Progress on priority items' refers to active negotiation towards gaining new access for products, maintaining and improving current access, and resolving issues to restore access for priority goods and markets.

Note 5 - This performance indicator has been amended for improved understandability and clarity of work scope.

The formal refresh of the multi-year work programme uses information provided by primary sector exporting businesses to determine which proposed areas of market access work returns the greatest value for sectors and New Zealand as a whole. The refresh and the agreement of the work programme between MPI and industry sectors, supports and validates the priorities for international trade engagement. This note has been added for context.

Note 6 - Key trading partners' recognition of New Zealand primary industry regulatory systems as meeting their intended outcomes, enhances the commercial certainty for New Zealand primary industry exporters. In addition, economic burden on exporters is reduced by no longer having to replicate foreign market regulatory requirements and allowing products to be produced for multiple markets.

Note 7 - Formal face-to-face forums for implementation of Free Trade Agreements (FTAs) and other formal Agreements allow context sharing, strategic decision-making and agree the strategic work programme between overseas competent authorities and the commitment to deliver outcomes to support trade facilitation, including new and improved access.

## End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Ministry for Primary Industries in its Annual Report.

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
Ministry for Primary Industries Operating Efficiencies - Return of Funding	2024/25	(11,458)	(9,315)	(9,315)	(9,315)	(9,315)
Previous Government						
Addressing the Impact of Changes to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Collective Agreements and Supply Costs	2022/23	7,245	7,245	7,245	7,245	7,245
Jobs for Nature Phase 3 Contingency Drawdown	2021/22	488	-	-	-	-
Accelerating the Delivery of a National Integrated Farm Planning System to New Zealand's Farmers and Growers	2021/22	3,725	578	-	-	-
Continuing Production of Agricultural Production Statistics for Domestic and International GDP and GHG Reporting	2021/22	110	110	110	110	110

#### Current and Past Policy Initiatives

## Reasons for Change in Appropriation

The increase in this appropriation for 2025/26 is mainly due to the reversal of several one-off transfers made in 2024/25, including:

- \$7.568 million transferred out for the Supporting Productive and Sustainable Land Use initiative
- \$6.250 million transferred to other appropriations due to changes in cost allocations
- \$1.200 million transferred to meet payment obligations for Subscriptions to International Organisations.

This increase has been partially offset by a reduction of \$3.147 million relating to time-limited funding for accelerating the delivery of a National Integrated Farm Planning System.

## Fisheries: Managing the Resource Sustainably (M102) (A14)

#### **Overarching Purpose Statement**

The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to manage the sustainable use of fisheries resources and protection of the aquatic environment.

## Scope of Appropriation

#### Departmental Output Expenses

#### Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring

This category is limited to informing, assisting, directing and enforcing adherence to New Zealand fisheries laws.

#### Fisheries Management

This category is limited to implementing ministerial decisions on sustainability and management controls for New Zealand fisheries.

#### Fisheries: Aquaculture

This category is limited to implementing aquaculture policy advice, supporting and monitoring the growth of the aquaculture industry.

#### **Non-Departmental Output Expenses**

*Fisheries: Grants to Manage Sustainable Use of Fisheries Resources* This category is limited to the funding of grants to manage the sustainable use of fisheries resources, protection of the aquatic environment and delivery of aquaculture.

#### **Non-Departmental Other Expenses**

*Fisheries Quota Shares & ACE Administration Costs* This category is limited to the administration of the sale of Crown Quota Shares and Annual Catch Entitlement (ACE).

	2024/25	5	2025/26	
-	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000	
Total Appropriation	91,322	91,322	84,262	
Departmental Output Expenses				
Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring	72,139	72,139	65,931	
Fisheries Management	14,518	14,518	13,666	
Fisheries: Aquaculture	3,316	3,316	3,316	
Non-Departmental Output Expenses				
Fisheries: Grants to Manage Sustainable Use of Fisheries Resources	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Non-Departmental Other Expenses				
Fisheries Quota Shares & ACE Administration Costs	149	149	149	
Funding for Departmental Output Expenses				
Revenue from the Crown	85,527	85,527	78,467	
Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring	68,584	68,584	62,376	
Fisheries Management	13,643	13,643	12,791	
Fisheries: Aquaculture	3,300	3,300	3,300	
Revenue from Others	4,446	4,446	4,446	
Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring	3,555	3,555	3,555	
Fisheries Management	875	875	875	
Fisheries: Aquaculture	16	16	16	

## Expenses, Revenue and Capital Expenditure

## What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the sustainable use of fisheries resources and protection of the aquatic environment.

## How Performance will be Assessed for this Appropriation

	2024	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Percentage of scientifically evaluated fish stocks above stock biomass limits (see Note 1)	More than 80%	More than 80%	More than 80%

Note 1 - The definition of 'above stock biomass limits' is that the stock is above the soft limit (the biomass level below which a stock is deemed to be overfished or depleted).

# *What is Intended to be Achieved with each Category and How Performance will be Assessed*

	2024/25	5	2025/26
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Departmental Output Expenses			
Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring			
This category is intended to achieve the adherence to New Zealand fisheries laws.			
Percentage of commercial operators inspected are found to be voluntarily compliant (see Note 1)	80-90%	80-90%	80% or above
Percentage of recreational fishers inspected are found to be voluntarily compliant	90-95%	90-95%	90% or above
Percentage of cases taken to court that achieve their objective (see Note 2)	90-95%	90-95%	90% or above
Percentage of fisheries compliance case files involving significant offending, or multiple offenders, where a prosecution decision is made within the relevant statutory limitation period (see Note 3)	95-100%	95-100%	Deleted performance indicator
Percentage of planned days that fisheries observers are at sea (see Note 3)	90%	90%	Deleted performance indicator
Fisheries Management			
This category is intended to achieve the implementation of policy advice relating to fisheries matters and ministerial servicing.			
Percentage of fisheries management-related requests completed with either specified or statutory timeframes:			
Aide Memoires (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Briefings (Timeframes are set on a case-by-case basis)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
<ul> <li>Ministerial Correspondence (Proposed response within a 20-working day timeframe)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
<ul> <li>Ministerial Official Information Act 1982 requests (Proposed response within a 15-working day timeframe) (see Note 4)</li> </ul>	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Written Parliamentary Questions (Proposed response within four working days) (see Note 5)	95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
Percentage of the Crown's obligations to Māori under fisheries related Treaty of Waitangi settlement legislation and the Fisheries Act delivered (see Note 6)	100%	100%	100%
Catch limits and other fisheries management measures are adjusted on the basis of decisions made by the Minister as part of the sustainability round decision-making (see Note 7)	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved
Fisheries: Aquaculture			
This category is intended to achieve support for the all-of- government pathway to promote growth in the aquaculture sector.			
Percentage of agreed annual Aquaculture Strategy Implementation Plan deliverables that are completed (see Note 8)	80%	80%	80%

	2024/2	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Fisheries: Grants to Manage Sustainable Use of Fisheries Resources			
This category is intended to achieve the effective provision of grants to support the growth and sustainable use of fisheries resources and protection of the aquatic environment.			
An exemption was granted as the appropriation is one from which resources will be provided to a person or entity other than a department, a functional chief executive, an Office of Parliament, or a Crown entity under s15D(2)(b)(iii) of the Public Finance Act, and the amount of this annual appropriation for a non-departmental output expense is less than \$5 million.	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt
Non-Departmental Other Expenses			
Fisheries Quota Shares & ACE Administration Costs			
This category is intended to achieve the effective administration and management of work relating to the sale of Crown Quota Shares and Annual Catch Entitlement (ACE).			
An exemption was granted as the appropriation is one from which resources will be provided to a person or entity other than a department, a functional chief executive, an Office of Parliament, or a Crown entity under s15D(2)(b)(iii) of the Public Finance Act, and the amount of this annual appropriation for a non-departmental other expense is less than \$5 million.	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt

Note 1 - 'Voluntarily compliant' means that routine inspection finds the operators to be compliant by their own volition, without any intervention by Compliance Officers.

Note 2 - Assessed as achieving objective: Offence case files where at least one charge decision of 'Convicted' or 'Convicted and Discharged' or 'Proven (Infringement Offence)' is recorded against at least one defendant in the matter. For clarity, a case still achieves its objective in the event of the death of a defendant resulting in the withdrawal of charges. A case still achieves its objectives in the event, due to steps taken by defendants before decision to convict, the Judge determines their actions to be sufficiently mitigating to discharge all linked defendants without conviction, providing no deficiency in the prosecutor's case was pointed to as contributing to the Judge's decision.

Assessed as not achieving objective: Offence case files where there are no charge decisions of 'Convicted' or 'Convicted and Discharged' against any defendant in the matter - and all Court charges for the matter result in Discharged without Conviction, Dismissed, Withdrawn or Acquitted decisions.

Note 3 - These performance indicators have been deleted to ensure that the remaining indicators under the appropriation category Fisheries Enforcement and Monitoring highlight the expected outcomes that the Fisheries Compliance operations are trying to achieve. The performance indicator "Percentage of cases taken to court that achieve objective" covers the deleted indicators referring to fisheries compliance.

Note 4 - The statutory timeframe to respond to an OIA is 'as soon as reasonably practicable' and no later than 20 working days as stated in the Official Information Act 1982. MPI has an agreement with Ministers' offices to provide a proposed response for Ministerial OIAs within 15 working days. Based on this, Ministerial OIAs are measured to a 15 working day timeframe.

Note 5 - The parliamentary timeframe to respond to a WPQ is six working days. MPI aims to provide the Minister with a proposed response within four working days.

Note 6 - The Crown has a number of fisheries related legislative obligations to Māori under Treaty of Waitangi settlement legislation and the Fisheries Act. This measure will measure the delivery of these.

Note 7 - This previous performance indicator (Ministerial decisions on sustainability rounds implemented within agreed timeframes) has been amended for clarity.

The 'sustainability round' process that is run twice a year, enables MPI to provide advice to the Minister on catch limits, deemed values, and other management settings for fish stocks to provide for their sustainable use. This note has been added for context.

Note 8 - An Aquaculture Strategy Implementation Plan (https://www.mpi.govt.nz/fishingaquaculture/aquaculture-fish-and-shellfish-farming/aquaculture-strategy-for-new-zealand/) is published annually that establishes and clearly states specific 'deliverables' (with deadlines) for the year ahead.

### End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Ministry for Primary Industries in its Annual Report.

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
Fisheries Reform Work Programme	2024/25	-	2,000	-	-	-
Ministry for Primary Industries Operating Efficiencies - Return of Funding	2024/25	(1,678)	(1,364)	(1,364)	(1,364)	(1,364)
Mini Budget, Budget 2024 and the Fiscal Sustainability Programme	2023/24	(2,000)	(2,000)	-	-	-
Previous Government						
Request to draw down funding for the Fisheries Industry Transformation Plan	2023/24	2,000	2,000	-	-	-
Delivering the Crown's Aquaculture Settlement Obligations	2023/24	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Addressing the Impact of Changes to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Collective Agreements and Supply Costs	2022/23	4,383	4,383	4,383	4,383	4,383

## Reasons for Change in Appropriation

The decrease in this appropriation for 2025/26 is mainly due to time limited funding of \$9.374 million for On-board cameras across inshore fishing fleet programme which has been partially offset by the additional funding of \$2 million in 2025/26 to support the Fisheries Reform Work programme.

## Food Safety: Protecting Consumers (M33) (A14)

## **Overarching Purpose Statement**

The single overarching purpose of this appropriation is to protect consumers from food borne disease and maintain and enhance New Zealand's reputation as a trusted supplier of safe and suitable food.

## Scope of Appropriation

#### **Departmental Output Expenses**

#### Food Safety: Assurance

This category is limited to justifying and delivering assurances to consumers, the public, overseas authorities and other stakeholders that food, food-related products and inputs into the production of food (whether undertaken or produced in New Zealand or imported) are managed, audited, approved, registered and/or monitored in accordance with New Zealand legislation and, for exports, relevant importing countries' market access requirements.

#### Food Safety: Information

This category is limited to engagement of, and information for, stakeholders about food safety and suitability, to encourage participation in, and compliance with, the food regulatory programme, and to enable consumers to make appropriate food choices.

#### Food Safety: Response

This category is limited to the investigation of, preparedness for, and response to, food related events, incidents, emergencies, complaints and suspected breaches of legislation and taking appropriate sanctions and enforcement action.

#### Food Safety: Standards

This category is limited to the scientific inputs and development and implementation of food related standards (including as appropriate international and joint Australia/New Zealand standards) and standards related to inputs into food production, imports, exports, new and emerging issues and the domestic market.

#### Food Safety: Trade and Market Access Food Safety

This category is limited to the coordination of activities, development and delivery of frameworks that facilitate the food-related safety aspects of international trade in primary products, and implementation of agreements and arrangements which influence and improve multilateral, regional and bilateral relationships.

#### **Non-Departmental Output Expenses**

#### Food Safety Science and Research

This category is limited to the promotion, coordination and delivery of food safety science and research.

#### **Non-Departmental Other Expenses**

#### Food Safety: Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty

This category is limited to the development of joint food standards, codes of practice, and guidance material for Australia and New Zealand by Food Standards Australia New Zealand in accordance with the Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty.

## Expenses, Revenue and Capital Expenditure

	2024/2	5	2025/26	
	Final Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budget \$000	
Total Appropriation	149,950	149,950	146,712	
Departmental Output Expenses				
Food Safety: Assurance	100,092	100,092	98,805	
Food Safety: Information	5,078	5,078	5,078	
Food Safety: Response	10,101	10,101	10,101	
Food Safety: Standards	19,398	19,398	22,247	
Food Safety: Trade and Market Access Food Safety	12,481	12,481	7,681	
Non-Departmental Output Expenses				
Food Safety Science and Research	600	600	700	
Non-Departmental Other Expenses				
Food Safety: Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty	2,200	2,200	2,100	
Funding for Departmental Output Expenses				
Revenue from the Crown	49,837	49,837	42,770	
Food Safety: Assurance	19,141	19,141	16,874	
Food Safety: Information	5,076	5,076	5,076	
Food Safety: Response	9,741	9,741	9,741	
Food Safety: Standards	5,464	5,464	5,464	
Food Safety: Trade and Market Access Food Safety	10,415	10,415	5,615	
Revenue from Others	97,313	97,313	101,142	
Food Safety: Assurance	80,951	80,951	81,931	
Food Safety: Information	2	2	2	
Food Safety: Response	360	360	360	
Food Safety: Standards	13,934	13,934	16,783	
Food Safety: Trade and Market Access Food Safety	2,066	2,066	2,066	

## What is Intended to be Achieved with this Appropriation

This appropriation is intended to achieve the provision of assurances, standards, information, and response activities that protect consumers from foodborne illnesses, as well as maintain and enhance New Zealand's reputation as a trusted supplier of safe and suitable food for domestic and overseas consumers.

## How Performance will be Assessed for this Appropriation

	202	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Case study to demonstrate the outcome of the recent Campylobacter Action Plan and development of a new target for the future work programme	1	1	1
Rate of domestically acquired foodborne Campylobacteriosis per 100,000 people per annum (see Note 1)	20% reduction from 88 to 70/100,000 people p.a.	20% reduction from 88 to 70/100,000 people p.a.	Deleted performance indicator

Note 1 - This performance indicator has been deleted as it only covered a five-year period from January 2020 until the end of December 2024. The outcome of the five-year programme will be reported in MPI's 2024/25 Annual Report.

# *What is Intended to be Achieved with each Category and How Performance will be Assessed*

2024	2025/26	
Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budge Standard
90%	90%	90%
85%	85%	85%
5 or fewer	5 or fewer	5 or fewe
100%	100%	Deleted performance indicato
75%	75%	75%
90%	90%	90%
95%	95%	95%
95-100%	95-100%	95-100%
99%	99%	99%
Achieved	Achieved	Achieved
	Final Budgeted Standard 90% 85% 5 or fewer 100% 75% 90% 90% 95% 95%	Standard       Actual         Image: Constant of the second of

	2024/	2025/26	
Assessment of Performance	Final Budgeted Standard	Estimated Actual	Budget Standard
Food Safety: Trade and Market Access Food Safety			
This category is intended to achieve the development and implementation of activities, frameworks and arrangements that influence and facilitate the food-safety related aspects of trade in primary products.			
Percentage of priority items progressed related to sanitary and phytosanitary matters and related conditions of trade on the market access work programme, as agreed with the meat, dairy, seafood, and horticulture/plants sector organisations (see Note 10)	75%	75%	75%
Agreement between MPI and the meat, dairy, seafood, and horticulture/plant sector organisations on a refreshed multi-year work programme, which validates the priorities for international trade engagement (see Note 11)	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved
Conclude the negotiation and signing of trade facilitating bilateral (or regional) arrangements with key trading partners accepting New Zealand primary industry regulatory systems (see Note 12)	1	1	1
Regular (eg, annual) formal face to face forums held with key trading partner regulators for implementation of Free Trade Agreements (FTAs) and other Agreements (see Note 13)	4	4	4
Non-Departmental Output Expenses			
Food Safety Science and Research			
This category is intended to achieve the promotion, co- ordination and delivery of food safety science and research.			
An exemption was granted as the appropriation is one from which resources will be provided to a person or entity other than a department, a functional chief executive, an Office of Parliament, or a Crown entity under s15D(2)(b)(iii) of the Public Finance Act as the amount of this annual appropriation for a non-departmental output expense is less than \$5 million.	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt
Non-Departmental Other Expenses			
Food Safety: Joint Food Standards Setting Treaty			
This category is intended to achieve the development of joint food standards between New Zealand and Australia.			
An exemption was granted as the appropriation is one from which resources will be provided to a person or entity other than a department, a functional chief executive, an Office of Parliament, or a Crown entity under s15D(2)(b)(iii) of the Public Finance Act as the amount of this annual appropriation for a non-departmental other expense is less than \$5 million.	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt

Note 1 - All applications are assessed before registration. Both risk-based measures and food importer registration applications under the Food Act are included in the scope of this performance indicator.

Note 2 - Corrective Action Requests are identified during verification activities as issued by MPI's Verification Services to the operator. A date for completion is agreed between the verifier and the operator based on the severity of the Corrective Action Request and the realistic time it is likely to take to rectify.

Note 3 - MPI issues approximately 200,000 export certificates under the Animal Products Act annually. The value (5 errors) represents the number acceptable for human error per year. Every instance of this occurrence is followed up by the MPI verifier. The reputational consequence for exceeding this standard is very high.

Note 4 - This performance indicator has been deleted. There are other three indicators under the appropriation category Food Safety: Assurance that better represent of the programme performance.

Note 5 - Food Compliance uses two categories of timeframes for investigations:

- percentage of non-complex investigations completed within 6 months, and
- percentage of complex investigations completed within legislative requirements (eg, under the Food Act 2014, the Animal Products Act 1999, the Wine Act 2003, and/or the Criminal Procedure Act 2011).

Note 6 - This performance indicator replaced the previous indicator (Percentage of serious food complaints investigations are resolved within the required timeframe) to clarify scope and reporting timeline. The following information was also added to provide context.

- Food recall investigations will be created following the assessment of information by Food Compliance Services. A food recall investigation will be created if action may be required to remove product from distribution.
- Calculations can only occur when a food recall investigation is due to be closed. The timeframe is 60 working days from when a food recall investigation is created.
- This performance indicator will include food recall investigations data from April of the calendar year, as these investigations are due to close within the reporting period (July-June).

Note 7 - MPI considers 'Serious category complaints' to include reports where there is imminent risk to public health, any deliberate action to contaminate food, actual or potential damage to New Zealand's trading reputation, foodborne illness outbreaks.

Note 8 - 'Overseas competent authorities' is a World Trade Organisation term that defines a specific group of authorities. Certificate requirements are the export documentation requirements of importing countries, which vary from country to country.

Note 9 - Cost recovery helps fund a range of core regulatory services that benefit industry sectors. Costs are recovered either through levies or fees. The development of standards and guidance are predominantly funded by levies and Crown revenue. The number and scope of standards and/or guidance will vary from year-to-year dependent on discussions with cost recovered sectors and can change as sector's priorities change. Achievement of this performance indicator is measured/verified by publication of standards and/or guidance developed or updated for the year.

Note 10 - Criteria for prioritisation is supported by the economic significance of the outcome, and the feasibility of achieving the outcome specific to the overseas market. 'Progress on priority items' refers to active negotiation towards gaining new access for products, maintaining, and improving current access, and resolving issues to restore access for priority goods and markets.

Note 11 - The formal refresh of the multi-year work programme uses information provided by primary sector exporting businesses to determine which proposed areas of market access work returns the greatest value for sectors and New Zealand as a whole. The refresh and the agreement of the work programme between MPI and industry sectors, supports, and validates the priorities for international trade engagement.

Note 12 - Key trading partners' recognition of New Zealand primary industry regulatory systems as meeting their intended outcomes, enhances the commercial certainty for New Zealand primary industry exporters. In addition, economic burden on exporters is reduced by no longer having to replicate foreign market regulatory requirements and allowing products to be produced for multiple markets.

Note 13 - Formal face-to-face forums for implementation of Free Trade Agreements (FTAs) and other formal Agreements allow context sharing, strategic decision-making and agree the strategic work programme between overseas competent authorities and the commitment to deliver outcomes to support trade facilitation, including new and improved access.

## End of Year Performance Reporting

Performance information for this appropriation will be reported by the Ministry for Primary Industries in its Annual Report.

Policy Initiative	Year of First Impact	2024/25 Final Budgeted \$000	2025/26 Budget \$000	2026/27 Estimated \$000	2027/28 Estimated \$000	2028/29 Estimated \$000
Current Government						
Ministry for Primary Industries' Annual Cost Recovery Package and Food Act Levies: Policy Decisions	2024/25	4,153	7,898	9,621	11,043	11,043
Ministry for Primary Industries Operating Efficiencies - Return of Funding	2024/25	(1,070)	(870)	(870)	(870)	(870)
Previous Government						
Future of Certification - Electronic Certification (E-cert) Systems Replacement	2022/23	2,638	6,421	6,421	6,421	6,421
Addressing the Impact of Changes to the Ministry for Primary Industries' Collective Agreements and Supply Costs	2022/23	2,115	2,115	2,115	2,115	2,115
Protecting the Credibility of New Zealand's Animal Health and Welfare Regulatory and Adverse Event Response Systems	2022/23	391	391	391	391	391
Antimicrobial Resistance - Addressing Future Antimicrobial Resistance Risks in New Zealand	2022/23	2,558	2,558	2,558	2,558	2,558

## Current and Past Policy Initiatives

## Reasons for Change in Appropriation

The decrease in this appropriation for 2025/26 is mainly due to a transfer \$11.050 million from other appropriations in 2024/25 as a result of changes in cost allocations.

This decrease has been partially offset by increases due to:

- increased funding of \$3.783 million in 2025/26 for the Future of Certification Electronic Certification (E-cert) Systems Replacement
- additional funding of \$3.745 million in 2025/26 as part of the Annual Cost recovery package and Food Act levies.

#### Memorandum Account

	2024/25	5	2025/26	
	Budgeted \$000	Estimated Actual \$000	Budge \$000	
Approvals, Accreditations and Registrations				
Opening Balance at 1 July	(3,315)	(3,315)	(4,468)	
Revenue	7,024	7,024	8,154	
Expenses	(8,357)	(8,357)	(8,524)	
Closing Balance at 30 June	(4,468)	(4,468)	(4,838)	
Food Standards and Assurance - Food Act (2014)				
Opening Balance at 1 July	(1,182)	(1,182)	(1,482)	
Revenue	3,130	3,130	6,017	
Expenses	(3,430)	(3,430)	(6,199)	
Closing Balance at 30 June	(1,482)	(1,482)	(1,664)	
Standards Setting for Food Industry				
Opening Balance at 1 July	5,383	5,383	3,036	
Revenue	22,483	22,483	23,116	
Expenses	(24,830)	(24,830)	(25,327)	
Closing Balance at 30 June	3,036	3,036	825	
Verification of the Food Regulatory Programme				
Opening Balance at 1 July	(766)	(766)	(5,087)	
Revenue	44,649	44,649	45,542	
Expenses	(48,970)	(48,970)	(49,949)	
Closing Balance at 30 June	(5,087)	(5,087)	(9,494)	
Wine Standards Management - Wine Act 2003				
Opening Balance at 1 July	1,885	1,885	1,537	
Revenue	1,211	1,211	1,449	
Expenses	(1,559)	(1,559)	(1,590)	
Closing Balance at 30 June	1,537	1,537	1,396	

Memorandum accounts record the accumulated balance of surpluses and deficits incurred for outputs provided to third-party users of those services on a full cost recovery basis.

The Approvals, Accreditations and Registrations memorandum account covers the provision of approval and registration services to regulated parties under the Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Medicines Act 1997 and the Animal Products Act 1999.

The Food Standards and Assurance-Food Act (2014) memorandum account covers the provision of services provided by MPI under the Food Act 2014.

The Standards Setting for the Food Industry memorandum account covers standards setting activities and fees for certification and reconciliation services under the Animal Products (Dairy Industry Fees and Charges) Regulations 2007. This memorandum account also covers certification activities undertaken by the Ministry for Primary Industries in accordance with section 7 of the Animal Products (Fees, Charges and Levies) Regulations 2007.

The Verification of the Food Regulatory Programme memorandum account covers verification activities undertaken by the Ministry for Primary Industries in accordance with section 7 of the Animal Products (Fees, Charges and Levies) Regulations 2007.

The Wine Standards Management - Wine Act 2003 memorandum account covers certification, assurance, standard setting, market access, systems implementation and monitoring services provided under the Wine Act 2003.

The Ministry for Primary Industries seeks to have each memorandum account trending towards zero over the medium term. This approach acknowledges that changes in memorandum account balances will fluctuate as a consequence of changes in economic activity and other matters. The charging model is periodically reviewed to ensure that the services are being provided in the most efficient cost-effective way and that the fees/levies reflect the cost of services provided.